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AND ETHIOPIA SHALL STRETCH FORTH HER HAND

The Freeman

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

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MEN AND MEASURES OF THE

A. M. E. CHURCH— ASPIRANTS FOR BISHOPRIC HONORS ARE

Multiplying Fast—The Requirements of a Bishop—Great Care to be Used in Selecting Them—The New Woman—Her Future Relation to Religious Organizations.

Bishop fruit is getting ripe very fast. The church is being constantly reminded of the superior qualities of this man, that P. E., and the other D. D. Probably no other Negro church in the world has such an array of brainy men as are found in the African M. E. Church. Every candidate in the field would make a good bishop, but some of them will have to bide their time.

What is it that causes a man to think he ought to be a bishop? Of course it is not selfish ambition. Well, it is because his friends and admirers tell him that "God wants him, and the church needs him." It is no sin to desire the office of a bishop. Indeed, St. Paul says that "he who desireth such an office, desireth a good work." If a man is impressed that God wants him and the church needs him he is justified in striving to attain the position where God and the church can use him to best advantage. He should not be reproached for using any honorable method to ascend the highest rank in the church of God.

If a man can lead a host, put him in command. The times demand leaders, great leaders; both in church and state. Some men are born to lead, and you might as well give them the right of way, as to stand in the track and be run over; yea, far better. Still we are human and will occasionally err. Hence in the selection of men for the important office of bishop the utmost care should be taken. There is no harm in looking up a man's antecedents before clothing him with the bishop's robe. The A. M. E. Church has thus far made no mistakes along the line of bishop-making. There is no use blundering now if it can be avoided.

No man should be made bishop whose record is not so clean that he can not go into any nook and corner of the convention and be respected as a heaven-sent messenger.

Some object to the canvass system of selecting bishops, but I think every candidate should be thoroughly known at least twelve months before the election; not for the purpose of discussing publicly his merits and demerits; not that vile slanderers may have an opportunity to throw mud upon their character, but that the church may have time to inquire into the feasability of such a thing.

The A. M. E. Church can well afford to get along without another "Gaines-Preston" episode of 1896.

Dr. Preston ought to have been elected in '96, or never if there was any truth in the charges against him. If the charges were untrue the accusers will yet suffer and Dr. Preston should be elected in 1900 on the first ballot. Nothing but a hero could survive under such a fire as was directed against that man of God during and shortly after the last General Conference. Let the press, both relgious and secular, discuss the candidates freely, and if there exists defects so formidable as to disqualify the candidate let us discuss them privately, and if need be, inform the candidate of the prevailing rumor. Tell him frankly that you can not suport him on that account, or give him a chance to defend himself.

Let us not make a pontoon bridge of one man for another man to cross the stream on.

THE NEW WOMAN.

In conversation recently with a prominent lady of the A. M. E. Church, I was more than ever impressed with the fact that the "new woman" will assert herself in the A. M. E. connection in the near future. In less than two more decades she will be clamoring for recognition in the general conference. We might as well begin to consider this matter now as to be forced to do so later. The new woman is claiming that she is recognized everywhere but in the Methodist Church. The fight is already on in the white Methodist churches, and she will win. The A. M. E. Church might as well lead in this matter, as to wait for the "band wagon." The procession will certainly form in the opening of the twentieth century. Why should not the African Methodist Church lead the procession? Why not give woman a voice in the legislative body of the church? Is it because we fear that she has too much brains or not enough? Is it because we fear that she will rule, or because she will ruin? As I see it now, if she is held down much longer she will revolt, and that will be ruination.

QUESTIONABLE AMUSEMENT.

Twenty-five years ago no Methodist would dare to say openly that there was no harm in dancing. Hundreds of them will even tell the pastor now that they see no sin in dancing. A dancing member of my church recently told me, upon being reprimanded, that a former pastor condoned the offense.

Where are we drifting?

The time has come when in many city churches none are placed under discipline for any crime saving adultery, and that only in the case of women, apprehended.

The members dance, play cards, attend the theaters, break the Sabbath in every way, play billiards, gamble, drink liquor, and do anything they feel like doing.

Many Methodists are leaving the church and joining the Episcopal, Presbyterian and Congregational Churches. These churches consent to dancing, etc., though they do not endorse it. The Methodist Church, and especially the African Methodist, has ever represented the genius and power of Christian holiness. It is too late in the day to take any steps backwards.

Let the next General Conference speak in no uncertain sound against worldly amusements, which are demoralizing in their tendencies.

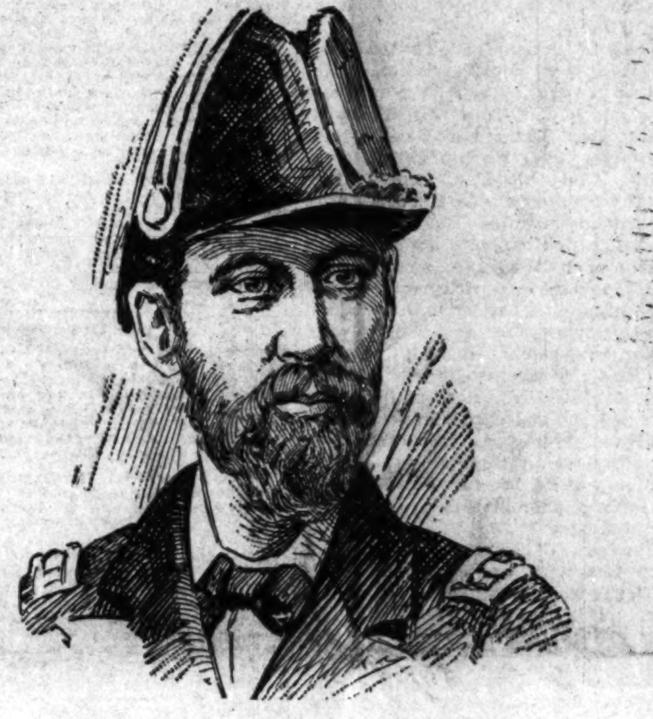
Under the head of "improper conduct," the discipline of '96 fails to specify the diversion "attending theaters" and "negro minstrels," as formerly, but I am fair enough to credit that as a mistake either of the compilers or the proof-readers. As far as I can ascertain, no one was authorized to eliminate those two evils from the book of discipline. The next General Conference will, however, see after this matter. Let us see to it that our structure stands upon the foundations built by the fathers.

J. A. JONES,

114 W. Terrace St., Chattanooga, Tenn.

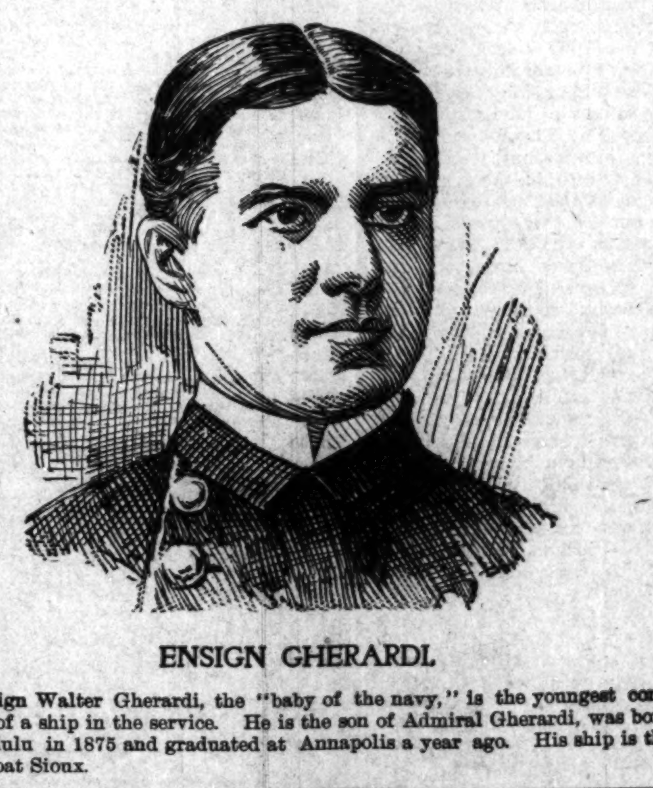
Newsy Notes.

Murfreesboro, Tenn., Special.—The Murfreesboro High School closed June 3. The commencement exercises which were held in the High School building on Academy street, were of a very high order. The graduating class consisted of six young women and two young men. The addresses and essays were profound, interesting, well rendered and of a high order. The present faculty of the above-named school, of which Prof. F. G. Carney is principal, is a good and strong one, and deserves much credit for the earnest and faithful work done by them during the year that they have been connected with the school. * * Rev. W. R. Smith, who is a student of Gammon Theological Seminary in (So.) Atlanta, Ga., is spending vacation with friends and relatives in this city. * * Mrs. E. M. Morris, of Nashville, Tenn., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. M. J. Smith, on Maney's avenue, this week. * * Miss Cordelia Butler, who has been attending school at Central Tennessee College, is in the city to spend vacation with friends and relatives. * * Master Will Smith and Stokes Hendrix, who has also been in school at Nashville, Tenn., is here to spend vacation. * * Mrs. Jas. Bricum, of Murfreesboro, Tenn., departed this life in Lewisburg, Tenn., last week. Her at the new colored cemetery. * * Rev. J. W. Richmond, pastor of Key Chapel, who raised nearly $250 for the purpose of building a parsonage not long since, has completed and is now living in a nice four room parsonage on the corner of the church lot, on College street. * * The Institute for all colored teachers of Rutherford county will convene in the High School building on Academy street, on June 13th. All who are expecting to attend are requested to be present at 9 a. m. on the above date.



COMMODORE JOHN C. WATSON.

Commodore John C. Watson, who has had charge of the blockade of Havana, was born in Kentucky in 1842 and graduated at the Naval academy in 1860. He was commissioned as lieutenant commander in 1866 and as commander in 1874.



ENSIGN GHERARDI.

Ensign Walter Gherardi, the "baby of the navy," is the youngest commander of a ship in the service. He is the son of Admiral Gherardi, was born in Honolulu in 1875 and graduated at Annapolis a year ago. His ship is the picket boat Sioux.

Brevities.

Meridian, Miss., Special.—Messrs. Lee Christian, W. W. Hadnott, Mrs. Marie Williams, of Birmingham, and Thos. Craton, of Eutaw, were among the visitors here last Sunday. * * The funeral sermon of J. Hugh Williams was preached at New Hope Sunday, the 15th. * * Mrs. Annie Jefferson left on the 5th for Mobile to visit relatives. * * The house of Rev. and Mrs. Arthur Clark was destroyed by fire on the night of June 2d. * * Alex Maryett, of Birmingham, spent Sunday here. * * Lee Kennedy, of Birmingham, Sundayed here. * * Wesley Moore was here on the 4th. * * Mrs. H. I. Miller will leave soon for her home. * * Mrs. Lizzie Jackson is improved. * * Rev. J. B. Small spent the past week here. * * The Academy school closed June 5th. * * The young ladies of 'New Hope gave a very successful entertainment June 2.

Personal Mention.

Muncie, Ind., Special.—The Muncie G. W. O. O. F. Lodge went to Anderson Sunday last accompanied by quite a number of Muncie citizens to participate in the ceremonies which were held at the A. M. E. Church. The bands from Marion and Greenfield were also in attendance. * * Mrs. Kate Palmer has left for other fields. * * An old folks' concert will be given at the A. M. E. Church June 14 by the steward of the church. * * The small son of Rufus Poindexter was sent to the Reform School Saturday last. * * Miss Edna Douglass is sick at her home on East Jackson street. * * Mr. Carter has returned from a visit to relatives at Kokomo. * * Mr. James Ferguson's daughter Maud and husband are in the city on a visit. * * Miss Narsissa Newton, of Springfield, O., is in the city. * * The Klondyke Club met at the home of W. E. Robbins Thursday last. The club will adjourn soon for the season. * * Mrs. Knox, of Greenfield, who has been visiting her son, Ohmer Knox, left for Marion Sunday.

Briefs.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Special.—Miss Lutie A. Lytle, the only female lawyer of the South, is in the city. She delivered a lecture at Warren Chapel, A. M. E. Church, on the 31st ult., to an appreciative audience. Miss Lytle is one of the most brilliant young colored women in the country. She is the guest of Mrs. Jentry Jordan, on Cypress street. * * The Ladies' Sewing Circle furnished refreshments at the reception of Miss Lytle. * * A reception was tendered Rev. J. A. Jones, pastor of Warren Chapel, A. M. E. Church, Tuesday night by the members and friends, complimentary to his receiving the "Doctor's" degree at the commencement of Turner College recently. * * Rev. A. W. Thorne spent a few days in Nashville recently. * * Rev. G. W. Parks, of 'Nashville, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist Church. This is one of the most magnificent edifices in the State. * * Rev. G. D. Olden, former pastor and founder of the First Baptist Church, is in the city, preaching and mingling with his many friends. * * A most brilliant festival was given at Wiley Memorial Church last Thursday night complimentary to the members of the City Ministers' Union. Rev. R. J. Buckner, the popular pastor, deserves great praise for the manner in which he entertained his brethren. Mrs. Masenburg, of E. Eighth street, died last Saturday of paralysis, and was buried from the Zion Methodist Church, of which she was an honored member. * * The corner-stone of Mt. Zion Baptist Church, was laid last Sunday. Rev. B. J. Miller, the pastor, is doing a great work for that congregation. * * Rev. J. A. Jones has returned from Normal, Ala., where he went to attend the commencement of the A. and M. College. He delivered the annual address to the religious societies of that institution. He leaves on the 13th for Wilberforce, O., of which institution he is a trustee. * * Rev. J. E. Smith spent a few days in Atlanta last week attending the Trustee meeting of Atlanta University. * * Hon. J. C. Napier, J. B. Bosley and Mr. Frank Montague werein the city last week attending the Republican League meeting.

Personal Mention.

Hot Springs, Ark., special.—The commencement of the graduating class was held at the opera house May 23. It has been some time since Hot Springs has turned out any colored graduates. The credit for this is largely due to the energy of Prof. J. H. Blount. Those on the program were Mary E. Willis, Eli Sanders, Cora Trice, James A. Stout sang a solo. Music by Miss Annie Baker. Miss Arnetha Ward, Harry Robert Freeman, Lelia Crook, Daisy Benson and Mattie L. Dover were participants in the affair and all rendered excellent selections. Miss Annie Baker was valedictorian. Rev. T. H. Jackson, D. D., addressed the class. The diplomas were presented by the president of the school board, who made a short address. C. M. Wade made the closing remarks.

RIVALRY FOR LEADERSHIP.

APOSTLES OF ABSOLUTISM DICTATING THE OPINIONS OF

Eminent Leaders— An Irrespective Review of all the Candidates for Bishopric Honors— Aspirants With Persuasive Eloquence, Matchless Oratory and Moral Worth.

Much is being said of late relative to the future leaders of the A. M. E. Church, and in face of much rivalry for preference on the part of other admirers, we too, would see expression. Geographically speaking, the state in which I reside has many local interests that to a great advantage can be pushed to the front at the next quadrennium of our church, which we are sure can be made most profitable to the general interests of our connection. Along the lines of church leadership we are not asleep, and will be ever ready to demonstrate this fact when the time comes. We do not pose as the apostle of an absolutism so far as dictating the opinions of the eminent religious workers of this state; neither do we assume the attitude of opposing the ideas of any others that have preceded in this venture, but we are most positive of the fact that unless we begin to concentrate our opinions and neutralize our efforts towards the characters that are the most acceptable and influential we can not expect much when the great rewarding day comes.

Mississippi as a state with her three conferences, three hundred churches, and two hundred and eighty ministers, ranking second on the financial list, in the affairs of our great church, can not help but be a mighty factor in whatever tends to form the future weal or woe of our church. We recognize the praiseworthiness of the eminent characters that surround our commonwealth, and will ever be ready in the future as in the past to lend our favor in presenting them the victors' laurels when duty calls. Among the worthy who deserve mention and upon whom the favoritism of our sons shall fall is the erudite manager of the Christian Recorder, Rev. T. W. Henderson, D. D., one of the most progressive churchmen and business-like gentlemen the church or race affords. His worth to the church can not go unmerited, and this prince of the press will, more than likely, in the future hear the summons of his brethren, "Come up higher." Coupled with this chieftain is another whose untiring labors and matchless character, to say the least, the deepest thinker of the age, Rev. C. S. Smith, D. D., Secretary of the Sunday School Union, can not and must not be thought lightly of. Although many have been the oppositions and great the persecutions of this untiring workman who has done more to perpetuate Methodism than any other man living to-day. We now hear the tramp of the troopers, and thro'out these Southern states the cry is ringing, "Excelsior Smith." His patience has been long and enduring, but the day of victory for this grand chieftain is nigh.

To no other could we look with more favor than the genial and polished gentleman, Rev. C. T. Shaffer, M. D., Secretary of the Church Extension Board, who has merited by his own efforts a place of eminence which to-day ekes

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

ABOUT THE ARMY COOK.

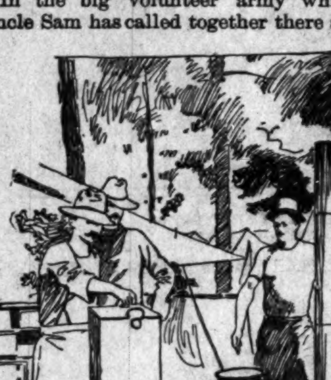
How the Genius of the Mess Tent Does His Work.

HE CAN MAKE OR MAR A COMPANY.

Why the City Volunteers Will Not Fare So Well as the Boys From the Country. Some Unfamiliar Dishes Noted In Uncle Sam's Cookbook.

The army cook does not figure on the roll of honor, he is seldom "mentioned in dispatches for gallantry in action," and he is never "promoted for meritorious conduct," yet he often helps win a battle. By the same token he may contribute to a defeat. It is the well fed soldier who fights best, and if the soldier is not well fed his mess cook is at fault.

In the big volunteer army which Uncle Sam has called together there are all sorts of cooks, good, bad and indifferent. Recent developments prove that the city regiments have the poorest cooks and the country regiments the best. This is because the former are made up as regiments and then divided into companies, while the country regiments are made up by collecting companies from various towns and villages. When the boys from the city were mustered in, it was largely a matter of luck if in every company could be found a competent man for cook. If not, an incompetent one was pressed into service.



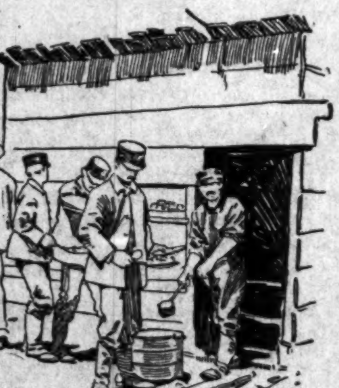
A REGIMENTAL CHEF AT WORK.

The boys from the towns and villages, however, took good care that a first class cook went along with them. In some cases he was a local caterer or restaurateur, and generally each of the men of the company agreed to chip in 50 cents or so a month to make it worth his while. I know of at least three companies from as many different states which have secured first class cooks in this way. No matter what conditions those companies encounter they will be sure that such rations as the commissary department can forward to them will be properly prepared. As a result there will be less grumbling, fewer men on the sick list and fuller ranks when the boys come home.

Each company cook enlists as such. He is not expected to do any other duty. In fact, if he succeeds in preparing three meals a day for from 75 to 85 men, he will be kept as busy as any patriot could reasonably wish to be. Of course he is not compelled to do all the work himself. From two to three men are assigned each week to help him, and in case the company is on the march he can call on all hands to hunt for firewood when a short stop is made and there is a prospect of an opportunity to prepare a hot meal.

When a camp is made, the first tent to be put up is the cook's tent. A small square at the end of the company street is staked out for him and a soldier detailed to do police duty around it. This cook's police sees that the man of pots and pans is not bothered in his work by mischievous soldiers and that none of his provisions are spirited away by prowlers.

The cook has one small tent in which are stored the extra provisions and utensils needed. A large fly with poles and guy ropes serves to shelter the cooking apparatus and to form the company's kitchen. Under it the stove is placed. The latter is an oblong metal affair, made on purpose for the army and having griddle holes for the pots and pans. A ditch is scraped in the earth and on it the stove is placed, leaving room underneath for the fire of glowing wood embers. The cook is an artist at making a fire in this trench and in keeping it at an even heat. Various folding chairs, tables improvised of camp chests and other things, serve to make the necessary apparatus for use in the kitchen. A dozen big kettles, boilers and pans are the utensils needed.



DRAWING RATIONS.

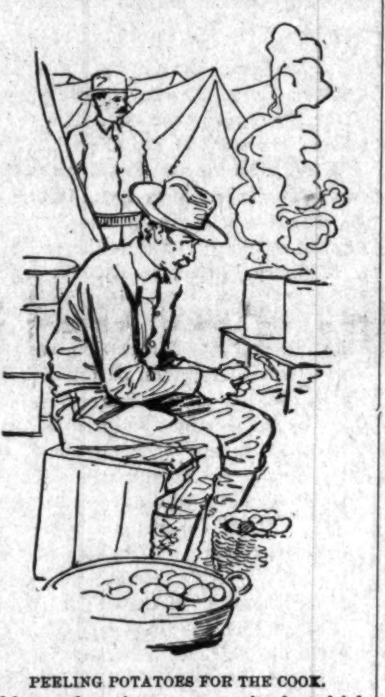
Dinner, at noon, is the principal meal of the day in camp life, and for an hour before the kitchen presents a busy scene. One assistant, with sleeves rolled up above the elbows, sits on a chest peeling potatoes, a bushel or more being necessary for the meal. Near him the other assistant bends over a great quarter of beef, carving out a supply for the meal. The cook watches his men while he attends the stove and begins preparations for the coming repast. A huge boiler on one side of the stove holds four gallons of fragrant coffee, another boiler is filled with water to receive the potatoes, while in a bright kettle on another part of the stove the cook drops vegetables, rice and other wholesome parts of soup and waits for the assistant to finish carving the meat that it may be added.

Soon the dinner is well under way, and the cook and his assistants are busy men. In addition to the hot parts of the meal there are to be taken from the chests and served great loaves of bread or hard tack. The bread problem is a serious one on a march or in camp and away from the cities, and while the cook often has to prepare the corn bread or other cereal himself it is brought into camp already prepared whenever possible. A company of 100 men or more will eat a great quantity of the staff of life in a week, and hundreds of loaves are necessary.

There are other parts of the soldiers' meal to be fixed if the company is near civilization and provisions are plentiful. Baked beans often appear on the bill of fare, dried fruit, rice, hominy and other easily carried eatables, and to prepare all these on one small stove and with only two assistants is an art that only an army cook understands.

To such an extent does cleanliness enter into the preparation of the soldiers' meal that the greatest precautions are taken to exclude dirt. Carefully the pots and pans are scrubbed brightly, the big knives and utensils are polished and the refuse of the cook tent is carried far off and dumped to prevent the contagion that might arise from decaying slops. The officers are vigilant in keeping watch on the cook and his assistants, as the health of the camp may depend on their careful cleanliness.

There are three kinds of camp life—permanent, temporary and marching. Only in marching is the energy and patience of the army cook tried to the utmost. Temporary camp—where it is expected that there will be a move in a few days—is better than marching camp life. Permanent camp—where it is expected that an army will remain for more than several weeks—affords great opportunities to the cook to practice making choice dishes. In permanent camp he has the assistance of several kinds of sheet iron folding army stoves.



PEELING POTATOES FOR THE COOK.

If he prefers the oven on wheels, which now forms a part of a United States army train, he may have one, but most cooks prefer to make an oven in the ground, if possible in the side of a hill.

The cooks of the regular army are up in all such knacks as these and know how to take advantage of every favorable condition for turning out good meals under difficult circumstances.

Lieutenant Henry J. Reilly, U. S. A., in a recent article on army cooking contributed to The Army and Navy Journal says:

"If the cooks know their business, the rations are well cooked and palatable. The men are contented, the sick report has but few names on it, and their duty is easily and readily done. If there are no good cooks in the company, underdone pork, soggy beans, covered with greasy water for soup, and miserable coffee cause discontent, a large sick report, duty poorly done, with much grumbling, and, finally, a small company, which the men are anxious to leave, and to which they never return if they can help it."

So important is the subject of preparing food for the soldiers that a manual for army cooks was recently issued under the direction of the commissary general of subsistence and published by the secretary of war for use in the United States army.

This manual for army cooks contains 300 pages of recipes and instructions for the guidance of the cook in his daily wrestle with adverse conditions.

Some of these recipes are for the construction of dishes of which the ordinary housewife has never dreamed. One of these is called "cannon balls," and this is the way the manual says it should be prepared, the ingredients being six pounds of flour, 1½ pounds of suet, three pints of molasses and one pint of water:

"Chop up suet, mix with the flour, mix the molasses with water, put flour into a bowl and pour the molasses gradually upon it, mixing it with the flour. Make into balls of any size and boil from one hour and upward, according to size."

This charge is calculated to be sufficient to stop a dinner attack by 22 men. Good cannon balls keep for 12 months, and have been known to be effective at a range of 15 months from the date of molding.

CAPTAIN T. B. FRANCIS.

FIELD GUNS IN WAR.

THEY ARE THE FAVORITE WEAPONS AMONG MILITARY MEN.

These Long Range Death Dealers Can Be Fired With Great Rapidity, Are as Accurate as Rifles at Their Range and Exert Tremendous Energy.

The betterment of the modern field gun is fully equal to the development of other branches of military armament. It has been especially rapid within the last dozen years. The work of specialists and the results of extended tests have ended in the production of a weapon of great accuracy and of titanic force. The field gun of today is the favorite weapon of the military man, and he expects from it some very remarkable demonstrations when opportunity to use it occurs.

Napoleon is credited with the remark that Providence is always on the side of the heavy artillery, but the artillery which Napoleon knew was not worthy to be mentioned on the same day with the light, graceful and deadly arm with which the moderns are prepared to do slaughter. The first great step forward was taken when the breechloading action was invented. Well known scientific rules of boring and the improvement in projectiles and powders have done the rest. The field gun now in use by the powers is as accurate at its range as a rifle and has tremendous energy.

The United States has no better field guns than those with which the armies of Germany and France are armed, but they are every bit as good. Like our other ordnance, they are all made on this side of the water. The American manufacturer yields to no one in ability to make a perfect weapon. Indeed many of the chief improvements in field guns and in the larger sizes, sometimes called "siege" guns, are the products of American brains.

The field guns of the United States army are made at Watervliet, N. Y., just as the large guns for the navy and for coast defense are turned out at Washington. They have a caliber of a little more than three inches, are, of course, breechloading, are rather lengthy for their width and are lightly but strongly mounted. They use a pointed shell which explodes either on concussion or by time fuse, generally the former, and are fired with great rapidity.

Each gun of a battery is in command of a lieutenant, who, under the eye of his superior, sights it and directs its working. He has his elevation, depression and wind gauge formulæ at his fingers' ends, and with him good shooting is mainly a question of care. The powder used in these guns is of the smaller grained brown hexagonal kind, though the pheroidal is preferred for some calibers.

The recoil of this gun on level ground is 26 feet, with the wheels unlocked. With the wheels locked it recoils five feet, and is run forward and resighted very swiftly. Its point blank range is 2,200 yards. It can be made effective at a much greater distance, of course, but officers prefer that range for accurate shooting.

It fell to me some seven years ago to report the first field trial given the Watervliet guns. Three of them were sent to Fort Sam Houston at San Antonio, where Light Battery F, Third artillery, was stationed under command of Major James B. Burbank, a most capable officer, now attached to the staff of the governor of New York. Major Burbank was instructed to try them out thoroughly, and for this purpose selected an ideal range on Ganahl's ranch, 60 miles north of San Antonio.

The guns were planted in line and 20 feet apart on the side of a green hill and pointed across a shallow valley. On the opposite hill, 2,200 yards away, a tent fly was put up as a target. It was 15 by 9 feet in dimension and was stretched on two poles. At that distance it looked like nothing in the world so much as a man's pocket handkerchief. One shot was fired as a range finder, and that shot proved the range was found. Then the work began.

For half an hour these guns pitched shells through or under or over the target, according to the firing directions, with as much accuracy as a man would use a Winchester rifle at 100 yards. The work was done with the precision of a clock. There was the rush of the piece into its first position, the quick command to load, the rapid aim and discharge, the faint scream of the shell, the puff of smoke and dull report as it struck and the dust rose up in a pillar.

When it was ended, we rode across the valley and up the opposite slope to the spot where the tent fly had stood. Bits of it lay about here and there. One of the poles was bitten short off. For 50 yards below the other pole, for 30 yards on either side of it and for 100 yards above it the earth was not plowed—it was harrowed. An ant could not have lived on the ground.

It was not difficult to imagine what would have become of an opposing force. Men and horses would have been dead and all guns dismounted in five minutes after the firing began. There could have been no better illustration of the absolutely fatal character of these pieces. It was found that they did not become unmanageable through heat, that the breech mechanism displayed no sign of strain, that the recoil was not greater than was calculated and that accuracy was as perfect with the last shell as with the first. These findings were reported to the Washington authorities, and the manufacture of the guns went on. The regular army is now thoroughly supplied with them.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Just What It Seems.

"It seems like a dream," he said in speaking of his courtship.

"My boy," replied the veteran, "when you wake up after marriage you will find that that is just exactly what it is—nothing but a dream."—Chicago Post.

Editor The Freeman:—Accept my thanks and the thanks of every department of central Tennessee College and its many friends for the splendid issue of the Central Tennessee College. It was the best show up our school has ever had. Every cut showed up most satisfactorily. I should always be ready, willing and most anxious to help the Freeman. It is a true race newspaper loyal to the core and patriotic in all of its utterances. It should be in every home to inspire and strengthen the hopes of our people. God bless you and increase the circulation of your valuable paper. Most sincerely

R. F. Boyd, Nashville, Tenn.

Editor The Freeman: Find enclosed $1.50 for subscription for your paper. I have been a constant reader of same and since I consider it the peer to all Negro papers, I have decided never to be again without it.

E. WOODRUFF,
219 Canal st., New Orleans, La.

Beautiful Winona

a delightful summer haven. Winona Lake, Indiana, (formerly Eagle Lake) is an attractive haven on the Pennsylvania Lines near Warsaw, Indiana. As the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, this resort has grown into popular favor very rapidly. Improvements made on the two hundred acres of romantic woodland which stretches nearly two miles along the eastern shore of Winona Lake, a beautiful sheet of water, include all the comforts and conveniences for a highly enjoyable sojourn. Ample facilities are at hand for satisfactory entertainment at reasonable rates at the comodious hotel which adjoins the railway station at the entrance to the grounds, in cosy cottages, or in tents as may be preferred.

Persons who may desire to combine devotion entertainment and instruction with rest and recreation will find Winona Lake the ideal spot for invigorating both mind and body by instructive entertainment and study and health-giving recreation. The educational work of the Summer School is in charge of well known instructors. The college halls are equipped with all required paraphernalia: the large auditorium in which the Assembly meets, and in which prominent lecturers are heard during the season has a seating capacity of over 3,000. An ampitheatre, race track and other facilities for athletic pastimes are provided. The fishing bathing and boating are fine, the large fleet of boats being the best.

The season of 1898 will open May 15. Commencing on that date excursion tickets with fifteen day limit will be on sale via Pennsylvania Lines. They may be obtained during May, June, July and August. The sale of season excursion tickets will begin June 1, and continue daily until September 30. Season excursion tickets will be good returning until October 31.

Full information about the attractions at Beautiful Winona," its Assembly and Summer School, etc., will be cheerfully furnished all who address Mr. Sol C. Dickey. Secretary, Winona Lake, Ind. Inquiries about excursion rates, time of trains, etc., should be addressed to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to F. VAN DUSEN, Cheif

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REDUCED FARES

to various points via Pennsylvania Line. Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the Order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To NAPERVILLE, ILL. (Burlington Park near Chicago)—May 23, 24, 27 and 28, for German Baptist Annual Meeting; good returning until June 24, with privelege to extend limit until June 30.

To DALLAS TEX.,—June 11 and 12, account meeting of Nobles of Mystic Shrine. Return limit June 28.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address W. W. Richardson, D. P. A., Indianapolis, Ind.

SUMMER HAVENS.

Attractive Resorts for Rest and Recreation Illustrated information about America's popular summer resorts is being distributed by Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines. It includes descriptions of leading places of summer sojourn along the Ocean, in the Mountains of the East, and in the Lake Region and Northern Michigan, all of which are within easy reach over the Pennsylvania Route. For a copy please apply to nearest Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agent, or address your request to W. W RICHARDSON, District Passenger Agent, Indianapolis, Ind.

FREE TO MEN

The Private Formula of a Noted Physician Sent Free to Every Man Who Writes for it

Quickly Restores Weakened Mankind to Strength and Vigor.

Thousands of men will welcome the news that a most successful remedy has been found which will quickly cure them of any form of nervous debility, impotency, lost manhood, night losses, lack of vigor, relieve them of all the doubt and uncertainity which such men are peculiarly liable to, and restores the organs to natural strength and vigor of youth. As it costs nothing to get this wonderful formula it would seem that any man, suffering from any form of nervous debility, ought to be deeply interested in such a remedy, without which they continue to live an existence of untold misery. The remedy in question was the result of many years research as to what combination of medicine would be most effective in restoring to men the strength they need. Send your name and address to the Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 107 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich., stating that you are not writing out of idle curiosity, but wish to make use of the prescription by giving the remedy a trial, will be answered promptly and without evidence as to where information came from.

The object of distributing this information free is to make men better acquainted with the remedies that exert an influence upon debilitated nerves and wasted vigor. Each different drug is throughly explained and the sufferer will thus know what he should use in his particular case in order to get the desired results. Write to-day. There is no doubt about the offer being genuine.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."

Ladies' Regulating Tablets

Safe and reliable. Never fails. $1.00 by mail.

MRS. DR. LAROCHE,
CONGERS, N. Y

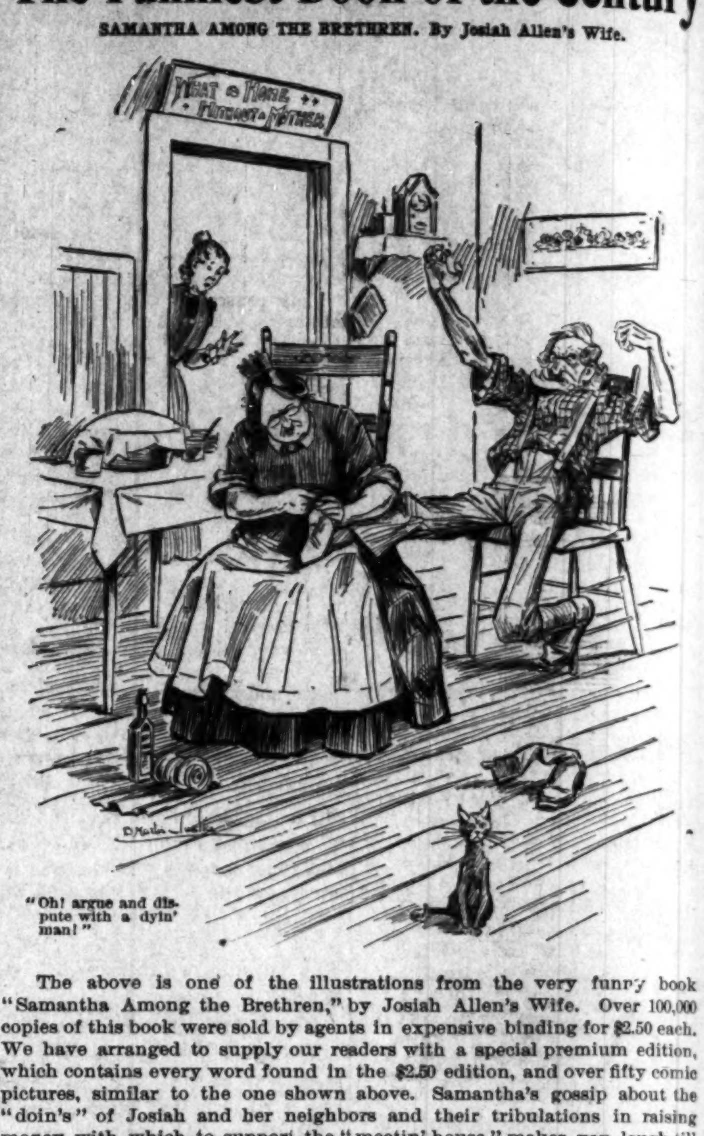
This Fine Black BRILLIANTINE DRESS SKIRT $1.98 EXPRESS PREPAID

actually worth $4.00, but to introduce our New Ladies Tailoring Department we will make to order without extra cost this Beautiful Brocaded Brilliantine Dress Skirt on receipt of only $1.98 Latest model, shape and make, all lined with good quality percaline, fibre chamois interlining that keeps the shape and gives skirt the fashionable hang. Give waist measure and length of skirt desired. Order at once, as this is a special offer. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Write for new illustrated catalogue.

PROGRESS TAILORING CO.,
DEPT. 14, MEDINAH TEMPLE, CHICAGO.

The Funniest Book of the Century

SAMANTHA AMONG THE BRETHREN. By Josiah Allen's Wife.



"Oh! argue and dispute with a dyin' man!"

The above is one of the illustrations from the very funny book "Samantha Among the Brethren," by Josiah Allen's Wife. Over 100,000 copies of this book were sold by agents in expensive binding for $2.50 each. We have arranged to supply our readers with a special premium edition, which contains every word found in the $2.50 edition, and over fifty comic pictures, similar to the one shown above. Samantha's gossip about the "doin's" of Josiah and her neighbors and their tribulations in raising money with which to support the "meetin' house" makes you laugh till you cry. The book is pure and wholesome, and highly endorsed by Bishop John P. Newman and Frances E. Willard. It drives away the blues. It is unexcelled for reading aloud to the family. We pay the postage and guarantee the book to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. In order to boom subscriptions we make the following liberal clubbing offer:

We will send free to any one sending 6 three month subscribers to THE FREEMAN at 60c each, "Samantha Among The Brethren," also the "Woman's Home Companion" an unrivalled high-class magazine of general and home literature, averaging 30 pages monthly and a handsome cover. It is beautifully and profusely illustrated and printed on fine paper; also "Johnson's School History of the Negro Race," and a large size picture of Frederick Douglass, size 22x28, FREE to each subscriber. THIS OFFER CAN'T BE BEAT.

Address: THE FREEMAN, Indianapolis, Ind.

Yale Camera and Photographic Outfit, Complete

FREE! FREE! FRE

with all the materials and instructions for making perfect photograghs, size 2x2 inches. Each outfit contains half dozen Yale dry plates, two trays, one package developer, one package hypo, one printing back, one doz. sheets sensitive paper, one package ruby paper. All of this is yours FREE if you will get two yearly subscribers and collect $3.00 in advance, for the same; or if you will secure three new six months subscribers and collect $2.55, or again secure four three months subscribers and collect $2.40 and receive a beautiful Yale Camera free. We only have a limited number of, so first come, first served. Address THE FREEMN, Indianapolis, Indiana.

I use Mme. Turner's Great French System for my Hair and Complexion.

AFTER USING.

SOFT, STRAIGHT AND GLOSSY HAIR produced by the use of

CHEVELINE

For 30 days I will give sufficient CHEVELINE for straightening two heads of hair for $5.00, instead of one as formerly.

We use no hot irons or pasting down with grease in this treatment, and the hair is not changed from dampness, but on the contrary is made more beautiful by washing, and the straightening appears as natural as if born with it. Send a piece of your hair and 10c and I will return it as a sample of my work.

The Mystic Pomade

which will make the hair soft straight and glossy and as beautiful as Cheveline, but not so lasting at 50c per bottle. Use Mme. Turner's Scalp Soap 25c.

Medicated Hair Grower For Family Use.

Our Improved Medicated Hair Grower or Scalp Cleaner is an unexcelled article for promoting the growth of the hair, even on the temple where the hair is ofttimes very scant. It also removes the dandruff and impurities from the scalp. Price $1.00 per bottle. Use Mme. Turner's Mystic Scalp Soap 25c.

Mme. Turner's Mystic Face Bleach,

Bleaching the face in eight or ten days, leaving it about two shades lighter. It gives the complexion a soft and youthful tenderness, thus causing the middle-aged to look young. Mystic Face Bleach will remove Liver Spots, Freckles, Etc. Price $1.00 per bottle. Use Mme. Turner's Complexion soap 25c.

Gentlemen who have pimples or tender faces after shaving, should use Mme. Turner's Mystic Toilet Cream. Price 75c.

MME. M. C. TURNER,
1312 CARONDALET ST. NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Mention The Freeman. No Goods C. O. D. Agents Wanted.

THE SOLDIER'S MAIL.

BOTHERS THE POSTAL AUTHORITIES TO GET IT TO HIM.

The New Scheme For Army Postoffices Which Is Being Put Into Operation. How the Boys In Blue May Send Letters Without Stamps.

Volunteer soldiers are great letter writers and so are their friends. Hence the postal authorities have been forced to adopt a somewhat elaborate scheme for distributing the army mail at the various big camps.

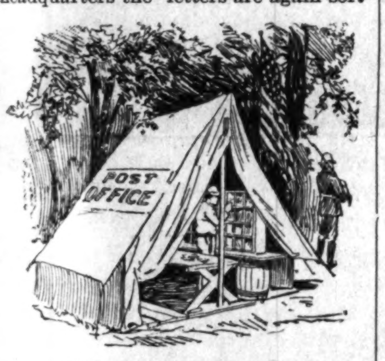
When the new volunteer gets to living in a tent, eating hard tack and doing regular picket duty, he is seized with a desire to write to the folks at home and tell them all about it. Having unlimited time at his disposal he writes. The folks write back. Mother covers pages and pages with advice about keeping his feet dry, sticking to his flannels and such things; father drops a line or two of encouragement now and then; sister sends a letter full of gossip about the young people, and brother John, aged 15 or less, tries to express with pen and paper his utter woe at having been born just a few years too late.

This is all right, but it is unusual. It is a feature about a big volunteer army which the government authorities had not anticipated and consequently had not prepared for. But the private in the ranks has just as much right, if not a little more, to demand that his letters shall be sent and delivered with the same promptness as those of the stay at home civilian. So the army postoffice has been devised.

At Camp Black, the Long Island rendezvous of the New York state troops, it is estimated that at one time 30,000 pieces of mail arrived for the soldiers every day for at least a week. At no time were more than 10,000 men in camp there, so you can form an idea of the free use the friends of the soldiers make of the mails.

The postoffice at Camp Black is in a 12 by 16 foot tent, pitched near the telephone and telegraph offices on the outskirts of the camp. The postmaster is assisted by three militiamen, who were detailed on that duty when it became evident that delay was unavoidable when a man or two from each regiment attempted at one time to gather their mail from a great heap of letters on the floor.

Under the revised arrangement the letters are roughly sorted in the Hempstead postoffice and looked over and thrown into the regimental sacks when they reach the camp. Orderlies from the regiments call for the sacks whenever it is thought probable that another mail has arrived. At the regimental headquarters the letters are again sorted into company lots, and then given to the first sergeants, who make the final delivery by passing down the company streets, reading the addresses at the tops of their voices.



ARMY POSTOFFICE AT TAMPA.

By a recent order of the postmaster general the soldier is not compelled to stamp his letter. He may just mark it as such, put it in the mail bag and have the receiver pay the postage at the other end. This is convenient for the soldier, because sometimes he cannot buy stamps either from lack of opportunity or money.

The regulation in regard to the mail from forces in the field is authorized by an act of congress passed in 1879 and is as follows:

"Letters written by officers, commissioned or noncommissioned, and privates in the military, naval or marine service of the United States, to be transmitted unpaid, must be plainly marked 'Soldier's Letter,' 'Sailor's Letter' or 'Marine's Letter,' as the case may be, and signed thereunder with his name and official designation by a field or staff officer, post or detachment commander to whose command the soldier belongs, or by a surgeon or chaplain at a hospital where he may be, and in the navy and marine service by the officer in command of the vessel or surgeon on board, or officer commanding naval hospital or detachment on shore. Letters so certified will be forwarded charged with postage due at single rates only, to be collected on delivery."

The postoffice department is deluged with letters from persons who wish to obtain appointments in connection with the military postoffice service at the different camps and headquarters. By an understanding entered into between Postmaster General Smith and First Assistant Postmaster General Perry Heath, however, this service will be supervised entirely by the existing force of the postoffice department, and the active work of collecting and distributing mail matter to the forces in the field will be managed by the officers and enlisted men of the army without added expense to the government.

But if you want your letters to reach the boys at the front do not fail to indicate the company, regiment and state as well as the camp at which they are located. Especially do not forget the state, for many regiments of the same number, but from different states, are quartered in the same camps. A letter addressed to "John Doe, Private, Company D, Seventy-first New York Infantry, Lakeland, Fla.," would reach John most certainly and promptly.

S. R. McDONALD.

CAWDOR CASTLE.

How Macbeth, Who Founded It, Happened to Select Its Site.

The late Earl of Cawdor was the owner of two charming residences in Wales—Stackpole Court, Pembrokeshire, where he died, and Golden Grove, Carmarthenshire—but these were mere pleasure houses by comparison with the ancestral home of the Campbells, Cawdor castle at Nairn. This fine north British dwelling remained almost undisturbed from the death of Sir Hugh Campbell in 1716 for a period of nearly 150 years, when it was conscientiously restored by its late owner. Cawdor castle itself had its rise in a fierce and wild age, around which traditions of a hazy nature cluster. It is a legend in Nairn that the murder by Macbeth was committed in an old chamber of the castle tower, and visitors wishing to conduct themselves with gravity and respectful reverence are expected to receive this story with an expression of solemnity not untinged with awe. That the "silver skin" of King Duncan was "laced with his golden blood" in this particular apartment is a fable that need not now be enlarged upon.

Cawdor castle by its outward aspect is, however, strongly suggestive in its gaunt and minatory massiveness of the fierce and troublous times of the ambitious Macbeth. The story goes that the thane who founded it was much concerned about the choice of an abode and was warned in a dream to place his worldly wealth in a coffer and to bind it upon the back of an ass and wherever the animal should halt to set about his work. The ass "came to a sandstill at the russetburn at the third hawthorn from the starting point" and lay down. Curiously enough, as if to confirm this tradition, to this day in the dungeon beneath the tower a hawthorn grows. The other two trees have disappeared, the last one as lately as 1836. Many stirring tales are told of the later history of Cawdor castle, which came to be left untenanted for long years owing to the Campbells departing for Wales, where they married young ladies with ample fortunes.—St. James Gazette.

WHERE THE JOKE CAME IN.

The Boys Hauled the Professor Back, Much to Their Chagrin.

A very good story is told of the head of a college who was the possessor of a very clumsy, old-fashioned vehicle to which he was very partial and which he constantly used in riding through the streets of the town, to the disgust of most of the students.

A plan was formed among some of the boys that on a certain night they would remove this offensive vehicle from the coachhouse to a wood about half a mile from the college. Their intention was to run the carriage into the thickest of the woods and underbrush and leave it there.

But the principal by some means learned or suspected their intention.

Accordingly, in the evening, he quietly went out to the coachhouse, and, well wrapped up, crouched in a corner of the carriage and waited.

Soon the boys came, very stealthily, and, without looking into the vehicle, began their operations very quietly, and in whispers, and with many a "Hush" and "Take care" and "Look out," they succeeded in getting it out of the house and yard and into the road.

There they were all right, but they were puzzled to find the thing so heavy to haul, and amid grumblings and puffings and pantings, varied occasionally with a strong expression of disgust, they succeeded in reaching the woods, the principal listening to their complaints and rather enjoying the situation.

Having with some difficulty backed the carriage into the brush, they began to congratulate each other on the success of their maneuver. The old gentleman, letting down the window, to their utter surprise and alarm, very quietly said:

"Now, young gentlemen, just take me back very carefully, if you please."—Spare Moments.

Birds as Surgeons.

Some interesting observations made by M. Fatio on the surgical treatment of wounds by birds were recently brought before the Physical society of Geneva. In these it was established that the snipe had often been observed in repairing damages. With its beak and feathers it makes a very creditable dressing and has even been known to secure a broken limb by means of a stout ligature. On one occasion M. Fatio killed a snipe which had on its chest a large dressing composed of down from other parts of the body and securely fixed to the body by coagulated blood. Twice he had snipe with interwoven feathers strapped on to the site of a fracture of one or other limb. The most interesting example was that of a snipe both of whose legs he had unfortunately broken by a misdirected shot. He only recovered it on the following day, when he found that the wounded bird had contrived to apply dressings and a sort of splint to both limbs. In carrying out this operation some feathers had become entangled round the beak, and not being able to use its claws to get rid of them the poor creature was almost dead from hunger when found.—Public Opinion.

Cigars and Nervousness.

"You're nervous," said the doctor.

"Quite right," admitted the patient. "That's why I sent for you."

"The only thing for you to do," explained the doctor, "is to give up smoking entirely."

"I don't smoke at all," answered the patient.

"Ah!" said the doctor. "Then the thing for you to do is to smoke a good cigar or a pipe occasionally. It has a very soothing effect."

It's easy to prescribe when you know how.—Chicago Post.

Ellesmere School, Harrogate, Eng.
Geo. L. Knox, Esq., care "The Freeman," Indianapolis, Ind., U. S. A.:

Dear Sir—Illness kept me from sending in the money I owe The Freeman before this date. I lost the bill which you sent me. I am told that a dollar is now worth four shillings and a penny, English money: I send you herein twelve shillings, which will pay off my back debt of last year, and at least six months of this year. Please be so kind as to let me know how we stand. I will try to be up to date in my future payments to The Freeman. I will be sending you an article ere long. It pleases me to see the great progress The Freeman is making. I am very sorry not to have succeeded in getting English subscribers, but I shall not give up hope of finding some yet; my personal friends are very glad to read my copies, and some look forward to their arrival with as much eagerness as I do.

With very best regards, I remain yours very truly, Thomas Rutling.

We invite our readers to give consideration to the advertisement of the Palace Dry Goods and Manufacturing Co., on the last page. They will treat you right and guarantee you satisfaction.

$1,000 REWARD

DR. SHEA MARVELOUS MEDIUM,

Gives the names of dead and living friends tells who and when you will marry, also of business journeys, lawsuits, absent friends, health or anything you wish to know no matter what it is. He can call up your spirit friends and show them to you. Can make them rap all around the room. He asks no questions, don't ask you to write names for him. Don't try to pump you in any way, but tells you right off. He is thoroughly endorsed by leading spiritualists everywhere, received from them a gold medal and special license to practice his wonderful powers; credentials no one else can show, can give thousands of reference to both white and colored patrons. Twenty-five years' practice—seven in Brooklyn—will show you that he can do all he tells of. Can tell what business is best for you and where, how to win speedy marriage with the one you love. How to be successful in all your doings, in short, what is best to do. He succeeds when all others fail. Positive satisfaction or no pay. Call and see. You will find it lucky to consult this Christian gentleman. He has a medicine that will cure drunkenness, can be given patients not knowing it. Thousands through him are now

RICH, HAPPY AND SUCCESSFUL

with all their undertakings, while those who neglect his advice are still laboring against poverty. Through his perfect knowledge of chemistry he can impart to you a secret that will overcome your enemies and win you friends. His aid and advice has often been solicited; the result has always been the securing of speedy and happy marriages and all your wishes. In love affairs he never fails. He has the secret of winning the affections of the opposite sex.

It is the curse of Spiritualism that in all large cities there are a class of men and women who claim powers they do not possess. They have neither gifts, credentials, nor references. Surely the colored people are not so wanting in senses as to throw their time and money away on such. Dr. Shea refers to the Hon. Chas. Miller, capitalist, 2481 Atlantic Avenue; the Hon. Wm. Denmore, architect and builder, 47 Cleveland avenue, and Mr. Fred Lampe, grocer, 641 Fulton street, Brooklyn. All have known him for the past ten years. He gives a free test of his power to all. The doctor has practiced five years in New Orleans, St. Louis, Memphis and Louisville; understands thoroughly the diseases, spells or influences the race is subject to. He has now and always had large patronage from them.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING:

Brooklyn, Aug. 15.—This is to certify that I came to New York from Albany. I was a stranger in a strange city, out of work and out of money. had no luck in anything I undertook. What to do I did not know. A friend advised me to go and see Dr. Shea. I did. He told me the cause of my troubles; he took me in and treated me as a brother. Through him I got a good position that very week. I had been to others; they took my money and did me no good. I bless the day I first met Dr. Shea. I would advise all in bad luck, sick or in trouble to go to him at once. Sincerely
Albert Ayres,
2937 Atlantic avenue.

Brooklyn, Aug. 15,—This letter is to certify that my husband had gone away and had been absent two years. I mourned for him night and day. I gave him up as dead. Hearing of the wonderful things Dr. Shea was doing I resolved to consult him. He told me that my husband was alive and well and where he was; told me he would come home and when. To my joy all of it came true. He is home now, came back like one from the dead. I also wish to say that this month I lost $250. I am a poor woman and I was almost insane. I went to Dr. Shea and he told me I would find my money and to my intense joy I did find it as he told me I thank God there is a man so gifted in our midst that can help people and tell them what to do. Sincerely.
121-23rd street. Mrs. Barrett.

A SENSATION IN BROOKLYN—A MINISTER'S STATEMENT:

I wish to state that one of my parishoners was sick and in trouble for a long time, Mrs. Brown, 37 Gay street. No one seemed to understand her case. She had several doctors, but none of them seemed to know what was the matter. None could do her any good It was my duty as her pastor to call and see her. Hearing of the wonderful work being done by Dr. Shea the last few years, I thought I would call and see him myself, I found him a sympathetic gentleman. He gave me a wonderful test of his powers; told me to send him a lock of patient,s hair, which I did by her daughter. He told at once what was the matter and in a short time cured her sound and well. Her family had seemingly been under a cloud. Now all is changed. All are well and prosperous. I can truly and heartily recommend Dr. Shea, to all those in sickness or distress of any kind. Rev. William Johnson, pastor Lebanon church, Brooklyn.

Dr. Shea can show thousands such as the above.

DR. SHEA

has been carefully educated in the Homoepathic and Electric Schools of Medicine. His success is wonderful in curing paralysis, Rheumatism, Asthma, Sore Eyes, Tumors, Cancers, Constipation, Ague, Dyspepsia, Tape Worms, Liver Complaints, Deafness, Catarrh, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, Heart Diseases, Consumption, Diseases of Women and Children, Fits, Kidney Disease, and all strange mysterious diseases which others don't understand. All diseases, no matter what they be. Nothing but honorable treatment. He can and will honestly tell you if you can be cured. Has all new remedies and new success. Has an ample experience in public hospitals and private clinics. No trifling with human life. Call at once. Do not delay. Diplomas hang in parlors. Is a registered physician. A new remedy for rheumatism just discovered, not a liniment. Hopeless cases and those that others cannot cure solicited to call. Fat folks thin, the childless made parents. All letters must contain $1.00, two stamps, age, lock of hair Charges for medical treatmen tonly. Closed Sundays. Mention this paper.
651 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N.Y

THERE is no greater plague than constipation. Unless the waste matter is properly eliminated from the bowels, sickness is sure to follow. The ordinary practice is to forcibly physic the patient. Dr. Franklin Miles, who has spent a lifetime in the study of the heart and nerves, has established the fact that constipation is caused by weakness of the nerves of the digestive organs and prepares his remedies on these modern scientific principles.

Rev. Johnson Grant, 712 Monroe St., Natchez, Miss., says: "I was afflicted for a year with constipation and dizziness, together with severe headaches and all the evils arising from chronic constipation. I tried cathartic pills without avail, for they left me worse than they found me. I began using Dr. Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills and two vials completely cured me."

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

BUGGIES, Carts, Surries, Phaetons, Spring Wagons, Harness and Saddles shipped C. O. D. anywhere to anyone with privilege to examine at lowest wholesale prices. Guaranteed as represented or money refunded. Send for illustrated catalog and testimonials Free. Addr. (in full) CASH BUYERS' UNION, 158 W. Van Buren St., B17 CHICAGO

The Freeman $1.50

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Leave Indianapolis, 5:50 a. m; 2:35 p. m; 7:20 p. m
Through Sleeping and Dining Car Service

—FOR—

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TWO FAST TRAINS DAILY
Leave Indianapolis, 11:35 a. m; 12:10 a. m.
Buffet Parlor Car on day train and local Sleeping Car on night train. Open every night at 8:30 for passengers.

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For tickets and sleeping car space call on the agents, No. 48 West Washington Station or address:
W. W. Richardson, D. P. A.
E. A. Ford, G. P. A.

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ST. LOUIS, PEORIA,
WEST AND NORTHWEST.
INDIANAPOLIS AND POINTS
IN INDIANA AND MICHIGAN.
DETROIT AND TOLEDO,
THE LAKE REGION.
BUFFALO, CLEVELAND,
COLUMBUS, SPRINGFIELD
DAYTON and all points in OHIO,
—VIA—
Cincinnati or Louisville.
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Elegant Vestibuled Trains of Buffet Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars.

Connections with Through Trains of Queen & Crescent Route and Louisville & Nashville Ry., without transfer.
TOURIST RATES IN EFFECT.

B. O. McCORMICK, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
D. B. MARTIN, Genl'. P. & T. Agt.

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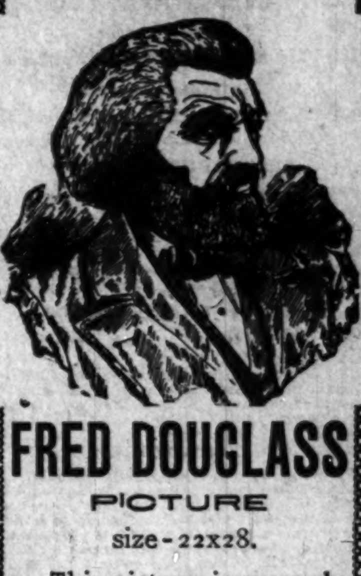
TO HANDLE OUR



FRED DOUGLASS
PICTURE
size-22x28.

This picture is a work of art, and the best seller ever placed on the market. It will pay you to take an agency for us, as we are offering extraordinary inducements to those who will push the work,

Send 15 cents in stamps with which to pay postage on one copy, with prospectus and instructions, and we will forward to your address a complete outfit. Address:

The Freeman,
Indianapolis, - Indiana.

SPINAL weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Sweet EGLANTINE
The Queen of Hair Lotions.

(TRADE MARK.)

If you desire to dress your hair as you have often wished you might? If you are troubled with Dandruff, with an itching scalp, feverish and blotched with a dry substance resembling scales? Is your hair stubborn and bristly? Does it curl and draw up, despite the efforts of brush, comb and elbow-grease to make it soft, pliable and glossy? Is it of a dull dead color, lusterless, and lifeless? Can't you curl it if you desire, or brush it straight when you are anxious to do so? In a word do you desire THE RICHEST HAIR DRESSING ON EARTH? Then send for

EGLANTINE.

One trial is sufficient. It has no rival. It stands alone.
One bottle, 50c; Three bottles, $1.25; Six bottle, $2.50. (Stamps taken)
No goods sent C. O. D. ☞ Agents Wanted.

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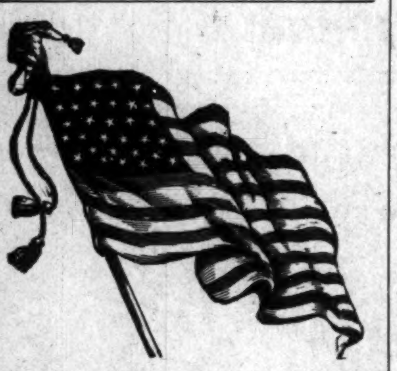
SATURDAY JUNE 11, 1898.



The last issue of the Lagos Weekly Record of Africa has quite an extended comment on the Baker incident of South Carolina. Owing to the very great distance its opinion of affairs in the United States is a trifle musty with age, but sensible. It, like the race papers of the States, is horrified to know that brutality and humanity is so closely allied in any community. The journal takes the pessimistic view that the breach between the races is widening, which view, if not quite correct, is not absurd. If then it is mistaken as the race hopes, and the good optimists declares it is not, because there do not exist sufficient grounds for arriving at some such conclusion. The barbarous custom of burning at the stake is unfit to be perpetrated by a people who profess all the virtues. The fiendishness of the method of carrying out a program d' mort adds nothing to the death of the individual, but detones whole communities. The Lagos Weekly Record insists that Bishop Turner's scheme of the repatriation of Africa after all is the sensible thing. Much honor is due Bishop Turner for his intense devotion to his race and his intense love of freedom, but it is not courageous to fly in the face of adversities. The sanity of Bishop Turner in the matter is no longer questionable; but his advice is not to be heeded. The race's salvation is to be worked out on American soil. It is hardly probable that there will be large concessions to the race. Time has clearly demonstrated that. And time is doing yet more. It is proving that color alone is a bar and the more color the greater the bar. Previous conditions cut no figure whatever. It is the actual living present that counts. Amalgamation is the word that is being whispered down the line. Sheer necessity, circumstances and conditions all conspire towards that point. The mingling of the races is the ultimate end. Mobs are but so many agents in hastening on the result. The law of selection in the race has already changed. It is no more the meeting of extremes as to size, etc., but the question of color is being quickened by the special abuse meted out to the race. As long as the Negroes of the United States feel that color is a millstone around their necks, just so long will they attempt to adjust themselves to the required conditions. Says this Journal:

"These acts of barbarity against the Negro in America have their effect upon the Negro in Africa in influencing him against the Christianity of the white man. When the African sees the kind of treatment accorded their fellow country men in America, he can not help but entertain misgivings in respect to the teachings of those whose actions are so much at variance with the doctrines which they profess. The white man's hands are too full of blood to preach the gospel of peace and love, and the African is beginning to realize this, and every melancholy incident of the kind to which we no refer tends but to strengthen his convictions on this point, and make him feel that he must look elsewhere for spiritual guidance and edification, and not to men who congregate in hundreds to shoot down one poor Negro and his family of a wife and mostly female children, escaping from a burning house set on fire by them to drive their prey into their hands."

It will be seen that the element of Christianity and religion as practiced by the whites and such practices permitting such treatment of a race by the devotees of the Christian religion certainly is one of the inexplicable things for the Africans. It will be a very difficult undertaking for the Christian missionaries to explain why the broad, comprehensive, religion does not act in the states in consonance with the reputation in Africa. The Africans never fail to take a shot at what they seemingly consider a questionable religion. Christianity doubtless is all right, and there may be excellent reasons for the vast divergence of the practice and theory, but the church in America is absolutely non-committal on the subject. The Africans really have great cause for complaint against a religion that allows such latitude in its devotees. The fault, it is presumed, is not in the religion, but in the hypocritical set that professes it. The set, it is true, is extremely large, many in numbers, but there is one of the two things, either there are a vast number of hypocrites or something is radically wrong with the religion, or is it possible that Negroes were not included in the scheme of redemption?

To question the result of the death Christ is sacriligious no doubt, but the race is in an attitude to desire to examine closely any authority for rules and practices that cause such discriminating results.

Does the New York Age still renew to Mr. Greener its most distinguished consideration?

Senator Fairbanks is doing what he can for the colored troops in Washington. It is said that he stands reasonably sure of pulling something in their behalf.

It is an anachronism to see colored troops passing by with white officers unless the reverse condition is noted. Unless that kind of thing is mutual it is simply humiliating, that's all.

A colored company at Mobile, Ala., has refused white officers. The company is to be congratulated on its stand. There is no reason for not officering colored regiments with colored men as long as conditions exist as they do at this time.

Governor Mount was either right or wrong in his contentions about the colored companies. It looks as though he knew what he was talking about at this writing. The South is contending for companies manned by colored men, which, under the circumstances, is eminently proper.

Booker T. Washington, principal of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute, Tuskegee, Ala., has been selected to deliver the address before the annual convocation of the University of New York, at Albany, June 28. It is significant of the interest felt in what he may say that, when twenty different prominent educators of New York were asked to express their preference for the orator of the year, among a half dozen names, they, without exception, put Mr. Washington first.

Dr. J. M. Conner, of the Vicksburg District (a man who has placed into the hands of the reading world two great books, known as "The Outlines of Christian Theology" and the "Doctrines of Christ," need give himself no uneasiness.

Dr. Conner is a man that the South feels proud of and predicts a place for him in the church in the near future; that of a bishop. I nominate him for one of the bishops in 1900.—Southern Christian Record.

You are right, there is no man in all of this country that would reflect more credit upon the A. M. E. Church by his elevation to the bishopric or any other position within the gift of the great African Methodist Episcopal Church than Rev. Dr. Conner. He is a scholar, preacher, a church worker of great executive ability and true to any trust committed to his hands.

If there is any recognition for worth or ability Dr. Conner will be favorably considered and will merit the approval of the people in 1900.—Dispatch, of Vicksburg, Miss.

The Freeman voices the sentiment of the above and feels free to add that the activity of Dr. Conner along the lines of Christian endeavor entitles him to the highest consideration.

Michigan City, Ind., May 29, 1898.
Mr. Geo. L. Knox, Editor of The Freeman, Indianapolis, Ind.:

Dear Sir—Permit me to introduce myself, Simon Booker, to you. I am confined in the Michigan City prison on the charge of murder and received a life sentence. Your name appeared to me a few nights ago and I could not rest for thinking of you and the good that you had done. I simply wish to congratulate you upon your many victories through life. Wishing further joy and happiness and a long life, I remain, yours in truth, SIMON BOOKER.

Mr. Booker can accept this testimonial of our utmost appreciation. We feel that, if while thus confined he has time to think of us the milk of human kindness, mercy and compassion can not be dried up in his breast. We trust that, be he guilty or otherwise, his incarceration has been sufficient atonement for his misdoings, no matter how great. The great God of the universe, that notes the sparrow's fall, has made it possible for man to redeem himself, no matter how low his estate. Man has as much right to show the same humanity to mankind. The refermation idea in the prison system is all right. Every man has a moral right to a chance for reforming. It ought to lie in the individual's possibilities to leave prison walls by means of his own personal endeavors.

We feel grateful to Mr. Booker, whoever he may be, when he reserves out of his fortnightly opportunities to write a letter to expend one of the highly prized chances in writing to The Freeman.

We note with pleasure the invitation to be present at the reception to be given the president, Dr. James Henderson, of the Morris Brown College, of Atlanta, Ga.

The "greatest" this or that should be effectually tabooed, for it simply means nothing. As long as we are to measure our deeds by other standards than those employed by the world in general the estimation of our abilities will be vague indeed. The race at this period may not be able to claim the lead in anything as a race, and this is no reflection. But the time has arrived for the parting of the ways so far as the individual is concerned. As an example, to say that Paul Dunbar's contribution at such and such a time to such and such a magazine was the best production of the race up until this time, does not in any sense show the status of Mr. Dunbar's efforts, from the fact that the result of the efforts of the race is not known, nor even estimated. In what category of authors will Mr. Dunbar take rank? Is he to be classed with Riley, Nye, Harte, Fields, or Kipling, or is it a sacrilege to name him in connection with such an illustrious quintet? If he is in their class, and they stand at the head of their particular lists, then where does Dunbar stand in the list to which he is assigned? Until such a test is applied the position of aspirants for fame can never be ascertained. There are no two standards here any more than in the monetary world.

The many friends of James Turner, formerly of this city, but now living in Providence, R. I., will be pleased to learn of the success he is having. The following was clipped from the Richmond, Va., Planet:

"Mr. James J. Turner expects to move into his new $3,000 (three thousand dollar) cottage on Carr street, the 1st of June. This cottage was very finely built. The interior is finished up very handsomely. The reception hall, parlor and stairs are all natural cherry, dining room oatk, kitchen and china closet and back hall natural Southern pine. Gymnasium room, bath and three bed rooms. Finest cottage owned by a colored man in Providence. This cottage was built by Mr. Myers R. Armstrong, contractor and builder. Mr. Turner was formerly a resident of Indianapolis."

Oh, there are others! The Sentinel isn't slow itself.

All can not be priests; some must be laymen. Let the army people get together. It is not a war of generals.

The third annual conference of the series instituted for the scientific investigation of the Negro problem, attended by many prominent colored educators from various parts of the country, has concluded its labors. During the two days' sessions a number of papers were read and the following resolutions adopted:

That Negro churches should reduce their running expenses and give more attention to charitable and reform movements; that Negro secret societies give more attention to the relief and insurance features of their organizations; that petty fraudulent schemes be carefully guarded against by the masses; that small beneficial societies be conducted in more business-like fashion; that benefit societies discourage needless display at funerals, and that co-operative business efforts among Negroes be encouraged.

The conference recommended the continuance of these efforts, and also states its opinion that the excess of the Negro over the white death rate is gradually diminishing.

The above resolutions, emanating from a conference of very able men, who are identified with and interested in the race, are worthy of much consideration. Its conclusions may not meet the hearty approval of all, but in the main they certainly appeal to the better judgment of the masses. It requires just such straightforward, independent thinking and talking to secure certain results that are necessary at this time. Men whose bread and butter are drawn immediately from the masses are influenced largely by such considerations; the preacher, the most influential member of a colored community and the most respectable (so considered) of any community, could not afford to say what this committee has said.

In short, the committee has spoken soundly and roundly. It has read the riot act concerning certain ideas that have obtained in the race, but which have no foundation in reason. There are customs perpetuated by the race that grew absolutely out of the race; no such practices being in vogue in other races. The eclat and hurrah at funerals that is pointed out is timely enough. The masses are learning some lessons very slowly. Quick to catch some new fad, perhaps, or to lay down all on a new gown because it is seen on "de white folks;" but the little things that count for most in the great civilizing processes are being neglected, while the frills are being voraciously seized. The committee is to be commended for its convictions and more for the courage of uttering them. There are many ills that are running unattended, not because they are not generally known to exist, but because it is suicidal to meddle with them. The committee has built fearlessly and well. All over this land there will be a sea of agitation, not terrific in its force, perhaps, but that will be set in motion by the utterances of the very notable conference at Atlanta.

Notes.

Charleston, W. Va., special.—The K. of P. lodge had a most enjoyable entertainment in the vacant Strauss building, on Capitol street, last Thursday night, the occasion being the anniversary of the organization of the order in this city. The program consisted of music by the Knights' band, vocal selections by members of the order, addresses by distinguished visitors, the concluding and most prominent feature being a silent sword drill by the members of the uniformed rank, under the command of Capt. James Campbell. Under the direction of Captain Campbell the movements and evolutions were executed with wonderful precision, bringing forth round after round of applause. The addresses delivered were of a very high character, patriotic in tone and moderate in spirit, showing the fact that the colored citizens fully appreciate the present situation and are ready to meet it and do their part. Those of Hon. C. H. Payne, member of the last Legislature from Fayette County, Prof. Hayes, of Virginia, and Revs. S. Shaw and Howard were especially good and to the point. After the exercises an enjoyable supper was served and dancing was indulged in.

We can not tell which is the better of our two leading journals, viz., The Freeman and the Colored American. We can say with the bashful country couple, however, that "both un us the sweetes'."—Florida Sentinel.

Items Worth Reading.

Union City, Tenn., special.—Mrs. S. P. Bell is improving. * * Rev. J. W. Waddie is on the sick list. * * Rev. W. E. Farmer was in the city last week. * * Mrs. Esther Bydom has gone to Villy Ridge on a business trip. * * Rally day at Pierce Station, last Sunday, 29th, for the interest of the new A. M. E. Church. A goodly number from the city were over. Rev. H. C. Smith is pastor. * * Mr. I. A. Bell is on the sick list. * * The Freeman is only 5 cents a week. Pay as you go and you will never be behind. * * Mrs. Tomie Robinson is on the sick list this week. * * George Thomas is up again. * * Dave Bridges returned from Hickman, Ky., Saturday. He always buys a Freeman when in town. * * The supper at A. M. E. Church Monday night was a success. Benefit of the Daughters of Olives.

Notes.

Charleston, Mo., Special.—Rev. H. F. Johnson has returned from the board at Pleasant Valley, Mo., and reported a nice session. * * Rev. W. S. Hunter was a guest of Rev. Johnson. * * Miss Gertrude Palmer left for Mound City, Ill. * * Miss Doshie Johnosn is visiting her grandfather at Potosi, Mo. * * Attorney Lee is taking a business tour. * * Subscribe for "The Freeman" from J. Stokes and have it delivered at your door by H. Johnson.

A Fine Gathering.

Mound Bayou, Miss., special.—Our little town was honored and considerably enlivened during the past week by a session of the A. M. E. District Conference, Greenville P. E. District. It was attended by some thirty-five ministers and lay delegates, was presided over by the intrepid Rev. E. W. Lampton, one of the most active and progressive representatives of the connection, who was ably assisted by Rev. A. M. Green, one of the pioneer veterans, now a P. E. of the Louisiana conference. The session was quite a profitable and interesting one and was largely attended by the community generally.

The following set of resolutions were presented Friday about the close of the conference:

At a meeting of the trustees and teachers of Mound Bayou Normal Institute the following resolutions were unanimously adopted and spread upon the official minutes: Whereas, the presiding elder, Rev. E. W. Lampton, and members of the A. M. E. district conference of the Greenville P. E. District, have honored our institution with a visit; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we embrace this opportunity to acknowledge the encouragement and inspiration occasioned by the official visit of said conference, and the words of good cheer uttered in our behalf.

Resolved, That we hereby express our appreciation of their generous donation of Five Dollars ($5.00) to the building fund for our dormitory, which is the first voluntary or unsolicited subscription that we have been honored with.

Resolved, That we shall ever strive to make our institution worthy of their confidence and respect and will faithfully labor to consecrate it to the high calling of Christian education.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the said conference.

Respectfully submitted, by order of the board.

J. P. T. MONTGOMERY,
Vice-President.
MARY V. MONTGOMERY,
Secretary.
MINNIE S. WASHINGTON,
Principal.

Editor Freeman:

I very much admire the position you have taken as regards the duty of the Negroes of this country in the present Spanish-American war. I mail you a copy of the leading daily of this city, which contains an article on this matter, the first mention or reference that has appeared in it since the war began. I wanted to see the Negro go on record in this daily. Yours

J. W. SCOTT.
Douglass School, Huntington W. Va.

From various sources we learn that Hon. George L. Knox is a candidate for congress in his district. A more deserving gentleman could not be found. We were in hopes that Mr. Knox would succeed Hon. C. H. J. Taylor as Recorder, as there are few, if any Afro-Americans who more richly deserve recognition by the administration. However, his ultimate triumph is our hope.—The Eagle, Los Angeles, Cal.

Rivalry For Leadership.

(Concluded from First Page.)

the favor of the church at large. Probably no man at the present is being more favorably spoken of than is our secretary of this department, and we are assured that he would more than do credit as one of the chief counsellors of the church.

Rev. M. M. Moore, D. D., our Financial Secretary, the brilliant and honored son of Florida, has more than come up to the expectations of his friends; to say the least, his future is a very promising one, and no doubt will secure the full support of the sister conferences to his own state for a like compliment from them. But while we thus retrospect the favoritism of the sons who loom like stars in the firmament around us, we can not help but be reminded of thefact that equal to and as worthy as any other is the page and philosopher of the Delta, Rev. O. P. Ross, D. D., the popular pastor at Natchez. With an intellect that charms the literary world, his persuasive eloquence, matchless oratory, coupled with an inimitable personality of great moral worth, he stands to-day in the front of all competitors for the recognition that is due him, and judging from the signs as they are written in the expressions coming from all parts of the great connection that this polished Christian gentleman will unequivocally be honored as one of the future counsellors in the illustrious year of 1900. To this end effort is being exerted, and with the compliments of the many admirers in the conferenceof '96, coupled with the assurances of many others from all parts of the country, we are sure we feel confident that success can only be his in the end.

M. W. THORNTON.
Jackson, Miss.

Editor The Freeman:—Accept my thanks and the thanks of every department of central Tennessee College and its many friends for the splendid issue of the Central Tennessee College. It was the best show up our school has ever had. Every cut showed up most satisfactorily. I should always be ready, willing and most anxious to help the Freeman. It is a true race newspaper loyal to the core and patriotic in all of its utterances. It should be in every home to inspire and strengthen the hopes of our people. God bless you and increase the circulation of your valuable paper. Most sincerely

R. F. Boyd, Nashville, Tenn.

Editor The Freeman: Find enclosed $1.50 for subscription for your paper. I have been a constant reader of same and since I consider it the peer to all Negro papers, I have decided never to be again without it.

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Note—Professionals and others should bear in mind that all letters, etc., in transit between the United States and Canada, must be prepaid, otherwise they are not forwarded.

Asher, William.
Banta, R. A.
Frank Sutton.
Green, J. Ed
Gray, Geo.
Handy, Prof. W. C.
Grant, John H.
Gillam, Harry L.
Palmer, Dan
Selika, Mme.
Slater, Bob
Thomas, Dick
Rowe F. (from Germany.)

R. BYRON SHELTON.

The above portrait needs no introduction to the many readers of "The Freeman" throughout the United States, especially in this state. Mr. Shelton has been very prominent in musical circles for several years and as a pianist stands second to none among the race. Mr. Shelton has been a member of the following well-known companies: Puggsley Bros., Isham's "Oriental America," Shelton's Stars, and Al G. Field's Colored Minstrels. Mr. Shelton will appear in the Fourth Annual Musical Festival in Allen Chapel June 22-23, Indianapolis.

* * *

Jones and Sutton have closed with the Peter Maher company.

* *

Isham's "Oriental America" company was sixty-eight weeks abroad.

* * *

Johnson and Dean were at the Auditorium, Philadelphia, last week.

* * *

The Norrises, Wesley and Corinne, are meeting with great success.

* * *

W. H. Powers, vocalist, and Tom Jefferson are in Des Moines, Ia.

* * *

Al and Mamie Anderson are spending their vacation at their home in Boston.

* * *

Frank Kirk, of the musical team of Bailey and Kirk, is resting at his home in Jacksonville, Ill.

* * *

B. McKinney Ward, baritone soloist and reader, is in the city and was a caller at The Freeman sanctum.

* * *

'Tis reported that the Sam Pickett-Buck Mason Georgia Minstrels "fakement" has gone to pieces again.

* * *

John Rucker is making a big hit singing "Take Your Clothes and Go" with the "Darkest America" company.

* * *

Billy Miller will be with John W. Vogel's Afro-American Mastodon Minstrels and Operatic Extravaganza.

* * *

"Darkest America" continues to play to big business in Michigan. The S. R. O. sign is being displayed every night.

* * *

Messrs. Oscar Paul and Chas. Williams are meeting with great success with the "Old Sunny South" company.

* * *

Herbert La She, slack wire artist, has signed with the John W. Vogel Mastodon Minstrels for the coming season.

* * *

The grotesque and fancy cake walk champion, Mr. A. L. Tutt, and Luke Blackburn met in contest in Springfield, Mass., this week.

* * *

Mr. Jas. Crosby will feature this season a song written by J. Ed Green and himself, entitled "A Red Hot Member of the Warm Society."

* * *

Jas. Lacy is arranging the chorus for the first part with the Richards and Pringle's-Rusco and Holland's Georgia Minstrels this season.

* * *

All matter for publication in this column must be addressed to J. Harry Jackson, dramatic editor, care The Freeman, Indianapolis, Ind.

* * *

Richards and Pringle's-Rusco and Holland's Georgia Minstrels will begin rehearsals about July 18. The company will consist of fifty-five people.

* * *

Clifford Brooks, of Brooks and Porter, with "Darkest America," has just finished a new song, which will be before the public in a short time.

* * *

The male members of "Darkest America" were tendered a banquet while in Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., by Mr. Hardy Bazel, of Duluth, Minn.

* * *

John W. Isham consolidated his "Octoroon" and "Oriental America" companies at the Harlem Music Hall, New York City, week of May 30.

* * *

Billy Kersands will head the list of star comedians again this season with the Richards and Pringle's-Rusco and Holland's Georgia Minstrels.

* * *

Mme. Cordelia McClain, who has been spending several weeks' vacation in this city, was called to her home in Kansas City, Mo., last Wednesday.

* * *

Billy and Madrid Jackson are playing a three weeks' engagement at Elich's Garden, Denver, Colo., with the Creighton Theater, Omaha, Nebr., to follow.

* * *

Hampton and Johnson, musical artists, have been engaged for John W. Vogel's Afro-American Mastodon Minstrels and Operatic Extravaganza for the coming season.

* * *

Samuel H. Wade, at one time a member of the Eclipse Quartette (Anderson Brothers, Payne and Wade), died May 26 at his home in Boston, Mass., from consumption. His wife and mother survive him.

* * *

A good tenor singer is wanted for the famous Diamond Quartette, of Richards and Pringle's Georgia Minstrels, one that doubles in brass preferred. Address J. Ed Green, manager, care Kremer's Music Store, New Albany, Ind.

* * *

A. J. Smith, the boy basso of the famous Diamond Quartette, will feature "Asleep in the Deep" at the Elks' Minstrels, in New Albany, Ind., on the 17th. J. Ed Green's big hit, "I'll not Be Back Until I Find that Gal," wil also be used.

* * *

All letters for information concerning the Benevolent Order of Colored Professionals should be addressed to the secretary of the executive committee, Maj. N. P. Gardner, No. 1 South Meridian street, Indianapolis, Ind.

* * *

Prof. L. A. Lucas, manager of the Imperial Jubilee Concert Company, is in the city. He accompanied to this city Mme. Verina Gilliam-Lewis, the talented dramatic reader, of the same organization, who is visiting relatives here. Prof. Lucas reports an excellent season. He paid The Freeman office a pleasant call last Tuesday.

* * *

Billy McClain, at the benefit entertainment given Monday evening at the Grand Opera House, this city, sang for the first time his latest composition, entitled "Your Talk's All Right, but 'Taint a Hit Wid Me," which was received with much applause. Mr. McClain was compelled to answer encore after encore.

* * *

The Buckingham Trio will be seen the season of 1898-99 with Al Reeves' Big Double Show and will take several of the prominent parts. Mr. Howard E. Morton, comedian, will also introduce his monologue and will use two of his own songs, "You May Go, but that Will Bring You Back" and "Don't Tell Me that Ain't Breaking By." Cooper and Spicer will also do an original singing and talking act.

* * *

The very notable entertainment given by the Benevolent Order of Colored Professionals, made up largely of professional men and men of prominence, at the Grand Opera House of this city this week, was well worthy of the patronage it received. Mr. William McClain, after whom the lodge is named, showed great executive ability in handling great combinations. The acting by all participants was all that could be wished, there being many agreeable surprises at the exceptional talent shown. The acting of Mr. and Mrs. McClain was highly creditable and greatly appreciated, both showing great versatility, passing easily through all phases of wit to the most refined. Mrs. McClain, otherwise Mme. Cordelia, is justly entitled to the title of prima donna. She sings in a very finished style, showing that culture has done much to back up her native ability. The chorus sustained the principals admirably from the plantation melodies to the beautiful bits of opera. The work of Harry Fidler is to be highly commended. He impresses one as being a whole show in himself. His monologues are peculiar Fidlerish, which, coupled with his versatility, leaves him scarcely a rival in his line. His "Black 400" was a success and brought down the house. In his imitation of swell walkers Fidler did not forget to give his home, this city, the best of it. Harry Waters (Rastus) has no rival in his line. The crayon work of Harry Brown was a study. The audience could only think of the wonderful execution and its very aptness to the song he sang. Mr. Brown also may feel secure in his niche, for with his ability to draw he has a very pleasing voice. The singing of Mrs. Leota Harris-Blackburn was a very surprising feature. She sang well and was received with enthusiasm. Indianapolis is her home. The singing of Hillman and Floyd was good, both having excellent tenor voices with high range. Descriptive singing is their specialty. Frederick Simpson is a great trombonist, regardless of race lines. His playing was superb. His last selection was profound, which seemed the symbolization of war. Soul-searching blasts were heard. The singing of St. Clair was appreciated. It had much warmth in it. His tones were sweet and musical and he soon made up with his audience. The comedy work of Tolliver and Temple, two of the home boys, kept the house in a roar of laughter. Tolliver as an old man would pass on any stage. Temple's wit is boundless. All others connected with this entertainment acquitted themselves down to the four dancing colored boys, who seemingly have nothing further to learn in their line. Between 500 and 600 people greeted the performers. The parade that preceded the event was made up of about 100 members of the order, headed by officers in carriages. An incident not on the program and which should not be overlooked here was the presentation of a jewel to Mr. McClain by the order. Mayor Thomas Taggart, in a neat speech, made the presentation. He spoke in happy terms of the advancement made in all lines made by the colored people. Mr. McClain, who was deeply moved, responded in a very fitting manner. The mayor and party occupied a box.

J. HARRY JACKSON.

Newsy Notes.

Chicago, Ill., Special.—Recognizing the fact that in the past years without any national organization the advancement and progress of the colored people in the industrial avenues of life has and is seriously impaired without a national organization, and what we need now as a people for the laboring classes of our race is to secure by all possible intelligent means more employment for our race, and especially so, we need more work for our boys and girls that are growing up all over this country.

At a meeting held in Chicago, Saturday, May 28th, 1898, the National Federation of Colored Labor of the United States was fully organized and officers elected. The object of this association shall be to consolidate our race of wage workers in the United States into one National organization and to organize local councils of wage workers through all parts of the United States, thereby promoting and advancing the interests of the laboring classes all over the country. We hold that the right to earn a livelihood by manual or skilled labor should never be denied us in any part of the country on account of race or color. This National Association shall be non-sectarian and non-political and will not endorse or encourage strikes, but will labor to promote the best interest of the laboring classes, and when controversies arise it will be settled and determined by arbitration.

John G. Jones, of Chicago, Ill., President.

George W. Ford, of Fort Scott, Kan., First Vice President.

George E. Taylor, of Oscaloosa, Ia., Second Vice President.

John Evans, of East St. Louis, Ill., Third Vice President.

John N. Adams, of Washington, D. C., Fourth Vice President.

Green I. Currin, of Dover, O. T., Fifth Vice President.

William R. Morris, of Minneapolis, Minn., attorney.

W. F. Conner, of Covert, Mich., General Treasurer.

Robert J. Fletcher, of Sacramento, Cal., General Secretary.

S. D. Curley, of Detroit, Mich., First Assistant General Secretary.

A. P. Slaughter, of Hinton, W. Va., Second Assistant General Secretary.

Rev. S. H. Witherspoon, of Charlotte, N. C., General Lecturer.

E. R. Overall, of Omaha, Neb., General Statistician.

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Interesting Notes

Huntington, W. Va., special.—Ed Rose and A. Griton left last week for Columbus, O. * * Quite a crowd enjoyed the festivities in the A. M. E. Church yard Thursday evening of last week. * * Harry Mayo came down the N. and W. Saturday. * * Mr. Jerry Dillard, of the Hotel Ruffner, Charleston, was in town Saturday in search of waiters. * * Jim Price and Roy Jackson were mingling with the fair ones in Ironton Sunday. * * Fire partially destroyed the residence occupied by Ed McDaniels and family, on Eighth avenue, last week; origin unknown. * * Croquet is getting some attention from our young society people. * * Lewie Finlay has returned to town. * * Mr. Will Scott has returned from Charleston, where he has been in attendance at the Baptist State convention, which closed Saturday after a three days' session. Mr. Scott reports a big attendancee. * * Messrs. Boston, Scott, Lee, Wade, Pearce, Leals and Tom Washington were among those who attended the picnic at the Clyffeside Park, over in Kentucky, on the 2d. * * Joe Dillard was a Parkersburg visitor here Sunday.

Notes of Interest.

Henderson, Ky., special. — The "tacky" drill given by the sisters of Household of Ruth May 30 was quite an enjoyable entertainment. * * Mrs. Benjamin Taylor has returned from Bowling Green, where she went as delegate to the convention recently held there. * * Miss Annye Kennedy has returned from Louisville, where she attended the State University. * * Miss Lucie B. Carey has returned from Columbus, Mo., where she attended school. Miss Carey graduated from Columbus high school this year. * * Mr. E. H. Brown was in St. Louis, Mo., recently, visiting his brother, A. J. Brown.
Miss Amelia Gilchrist has gone to Pasadena, Cal., to live with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Porter. * * Miss Bessye Slaughter spent Sunday in Evansville. * * The "Just a Few" Club gave a moonlight picnic at the residence of Miss Sophronia White June 3. * * Miss Mayme Morton leaves soon for Hartford, Ky., to visit her sister. * * The old soldiers had their annual picnic at Held's Park May 30. They also decorated the graves of their comrades at Fernwood cemetery.

Items of Interest.

Memphis, Tenn., special.—S. A. Nelson, C. P. Chester and I. G. Henderson have been on the sick list. * * Mrs. Lillie Walker has been sick several weeks. * * Frank Rocco (white) shot and killed Henry Fanbus (colored). Rocco claims that Fanbus insulted his wife. * * Macadonia Baptist Church baptized quite a number at Cain Creek last Sunday. * * Celestial Chapter No. 4, H. R. A. Masons, elected the following officers for the year: Jas. B. McDonald, H. P.; S. D. Alexander, King; H. B. Andrew, Scribe; W. H. Barnett, Treasurer; Alex. Webb, Secretary. * * Officers elected for the St. Peter Commandery, No. 2, K. T., are: H. H. Mosely, E. C.; Jas. B. McDonald, General; H. B. Andrews, Captain General; G. W. Daniels, Prelate; O. S. Lewis, Treasurer; W. A. Rogers, Recorder. * * All news and orders for "The Freeman" should be left at the New Era drug store, 130 Beale street.

Newsy Dots.

Chambersburg, Pa., special.—Rev. Jas. Stiles was sent out by the conference as an evangelist. Rev. Santee Birch will succeed him as pastor of St. James. * * Rev. L. S. Wales, pastor of Zion A. M. E. Church, was made a presiding elder. Rev. B. J. Bolden succeeds him. * * Rev. Bolden was in Philadelphia the 31st, where he delivered an address. His family is now in the city. * * Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilson are the proud parents of a baby boy. * * Rev. Birch has moved his family here. * * Mrs. Ida Anderson and daughter, Emily, are spending a fortnight in Harrisburg. * * Rev. S. S. Wales held quarterly meeting here.

Briefs—Church Notes.

Eufalia, Ala., Special.—Quite a number of colored people of this city attended the National Decoration at Andersonville, Ga., May 30. The pulpit of the A. M. E. Church was filled at each service by the pastor, Rev. W. C. Banton. * * Miss Elmira Turner has returned form Tuskegee Normal School. * * J. H. Hamilton is quite sick at his residence on Flakes Hill. * * The Sunday schools of the city will have a union picnic June 17. * * Miss Alice Jenkins is on the sick list. * * Tom Thomas has opened a grocery store on Randolph street. * * Hon. L. C. Gardner, S. M. Murphy, A. J. Locke, Albert Woods and J. L. Seabrooks attended the Republican State convention in Montgomery, Ala., this week. * * The First Baptist Sunday school will observe Children's day. A nice program has been arranged for Sunday evening. * * Leave your news items for "The Freeman" at Wells & Gary's barbershop or at the residence of the agent. * * Children's day will be observed at St. Luke A. M. E. Church to-morrow. A nice program has been arranged. * * Rev. W. C. Banton read an interesting letter from Bishop Turner last Sunday morning to his congregation, which was enjoyed by all. * * If you desire to know what the race is doing you must read "The Freeman." Copies on sale every Saturday by the agent, W. H. Wallace. * * Rev. R. T. Pollard filled the pulpit at each service last Sunday.

A Batch of Information.

New Albany, Ind., Special.—On Tuesday evening, May 31st, Bethel A. M. E. Church was crowded to overflowing point with people anxious to witness the first production of the cantata, "David, the Shepherd Boy," by local talent. At 8:30 every seat was filled by some of the best citizens of the city, including both white and colored. Among the visitors from out of the city were Rev. J. Bass, of Charlestown; Rev. T. A. Thompson, of Louisville; Rev. F. P. Baker, of Jeffersonville, and Rev. Reid, P. E., of Louisville. In comment concerning the entertainment the Louisville Times says: "It was most creditable to the colored residents of New Albany, and especially to the members of Bethel A. M. E. Church. Such well presented entertainments show the presence of many young men and women of accomplishments, who, by their studies and endeavors, reflect credit upon their people." * * Mr. Ed. O. Hawes took the leading part of David and rendered it in a faultless manner. His costume was that of a shepherd boy. Miss Blanche L. Sterrett performed the part of Abigail with grace and effect. Her costume was elaborate. Miss Sterrett is just beginning her carreer as a vocalist and is meeting with great success. She possesses a clear, sweet voice, most charming to the hearer. The other characters were assigned to Miss Anna Mosby, Walter Keller, James Hall, Maurice Blackburn, Richard Cooper, C. A. Martin, Eugene Keller, George Duggins, Bert Alexander, Mamie Mucker, Jennie Keller, Harry Mitchem, George Williams, Clarence Tisdale, Maurice McPheeters, Chas. Russell, Jr., James Calhoun, John McPheeters, Henry Alexander and Richard Campbell. Others who assisted in the choruses were Mesdames Ida Martin, Harriet McPheeters, Susie Maxie, Misses Mamie Richardson, Estella Starks, Nannie Grundy, Blanche Rickman, Mabel McPheeters, Mollie Bush, Anna Graham, Bertha Rickman, Carrie Carter, Alma Bush, Tillie McPheeters, Hattie Johnson, Lillie Lyles, Maggie and Maud Carter, and twelve children. Many favorable comments were passed on the costumes of all participants. The cantata was rendered the second evening to a fair audience. Dr. W. O. Vance was master of ceremonies both evenings. * * Miss Lydia Mitchem has returned from Nashville, Tenn. * * Mrs. Harriet Maxwell, of Evansville, was among the audience that greeted "David the Shepherd Boy." * * The U. B. F., S. M. T., and the Second Baptist Church will join in an excursion to Fern Grove to-morrow. * * The picnic given by Zion A. M. E. Church was a social and financial success. * * Rev. and Mrs. Cherry gave a most pleasing entertainment at their church on Tuesday evening. * * Messrs. Arthur and Clarence Weathers were down from Indianapolis Sunday.

Notes of Interest.

Lake Providence, La., special.—Geo. W. Black, the contractor, has about completed the brick work on the Harnley-Bernard building. Mr. Black is a race. * * A. M. Green has been selected secretary of the Parish Association, vice I. J. Griffin. * * The First Baptist Church raised $161.66 at their rally on the fifth Sunday in May. This completes the payment on their splendid new church. * * The members of St. Peter's M. E. Church have had their building entirely renovated and it now looks like a new structure. * * Jno. W. Cooke is building another cottage on his lots in South Providence. * * Professors Torrey and Brinson closed a successful term of public school at Transylvania on the 3d. Professor Torrey is pastor of Mt. Olive Baptist Church and one of our coming young preachers.

Brief Mention.

Ft. Smith, Ark., special.—Lincoln school closed with great success under the management of Prof. W. W. Jones. The house was beautifully decorated and refreshments were served by the students. Miss Daisy Johnson rendered an excellent number. * * Miss Nancy Childers has gone to her home. * * Edward Green has been ill. * * Order The Freeman from Buck Bolin. * * The high school commencement was a success. The opera house was crowded to witness the affair. There were four members in the class, namely, Misses Minnie Lewis, Alice Simpson, Beulah Neal and Mr. Henry C. Clary. The program was excellently rendered.

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It does not turn the skin in spots, but bleaches out white. It is a very good thing for the eyes if allowed to get in the eye while washing the face.

One box of this preparation is all that is required, if used as directed, the skin remaining beautiful without continual use, and is perfectly harmless.

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NO FAKE, NO HUMBUG, NO EXPERIMENT, but the Peer of them all.

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(Taken from Life.)

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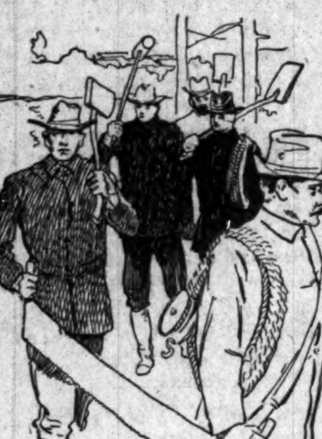
SOLDIERS WHO WORK

VALUE OF THE ROADMAKING, BRIDGE BUILDING ENGINEERS.

Where the Path of the Army Becomes Too Rough to Travel Then the Sharpshooters Give Place to the Men With Axes, Shovels and Saws.

It is often just as important that an army should get to a certain point quickly as that it should fight well after it gets there. When an army is on the move, the soldier who knows how to do something besides keep in line and fire a gun becomes valuable. The working soldier is needed then.



A SQUAD OF BRIDGE BUILDERS.

When there are roads to be made, bridges to be built and obstructions to be cleared away, the general pushes the sharpshooter into the background and calls for the man with the ax and shovel and saw.

"Bring up the engineers" is the order when the path of the army ends abruptly on the bank of an unbridged stream. The strength of the volunteer engineer brigade of the Army of the Potomac under Generals Grant and Meade in 1865 was about 4 per cent of the total number of troops, not including the regular battalion of engineers. The engineer troops with the Army of the Cumberland in 1864 amounted to 5 per cent of the total, and those of Sherman's army in the march to the sea amounted to 7½ per cent.

And the army of Cuban invasion is not to be without its engineers. At least 5 per cent of the volunteer soldiers who go to drive out the Spaniards are to be men whose civilian training has fitted them for some part of the work of smoothing the way for the army. Early in the contest the necessity of forming a brigade of engineers was pointed out to the military authorities, and the advice has been taken.

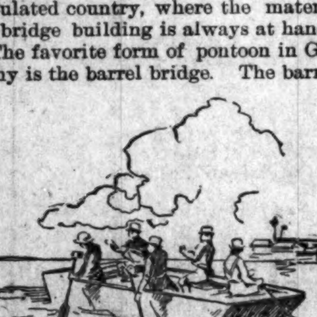
The engineer corps of the regular army when war was first declared numbered only about 500. Since then it has been increased to the size of a regiment, but even that number was not enough for the work expected. Civil engineers, electricians, carpenters, masons, boat builders and many other artisans have been selected from the ranks of the infantry companies and told off for duty in the engineer regiments. When marching across country, they will be in the van. When halts are made in the face of the enemy, it will be their duty to throw up temporary fortifications and dig entrenchments. Frequently they will have to work under fire, but those will be the times when their work will be the most valuable.

Good engineering has won many battles. Napoleon was a great engineer, and it was due to the skill of his engineers that he was able to move his forces so rapidly. It was also due to the superior engineering of the English, by which their seacoast landing was protected, that he was finally defeated. It is an ancient art which is brought to a higher state of perfection by every war.

Probably the most important work which the engineers will have to do will be the building of pontoon bridges. The regular army engineer corps which had its headquarters at Willets Point has in the past been thoroughly trained in the making and handling of pontoons. We use a sort of collapsible boat made of canvas for our pontoons. These canvas boats are not so substantial as wooden ones, but they serve the purpose and can be readily transported.

Of all the world's armies Germany's has perhaps the greatest reputation for its skill in pontoon bridge construction. It enjoys an advantage of course in having both its training and its practical exercise of the art in a pretty thickly populated country, where the material for bridge building is always at hand.

The favorite form of pontoon in Germany is the barrel bridge. The barrels are first strapped together in threes, side by side. Then they are made into rafts and anchored at regular distances across the river. When all the rafts are anchored in place, a flooring of plank is thrown across the whole, the two ends are secured to the opposite banks, and the bridge is ready for the men, horses, wagons and artillery to cross.



PADDLING PONTOONS INTO POSITION.

CHARLES WARNER.

PLAGUE OF LEGISLATORS.

Why Some of the States Once Had Two Capitals.

Baton Rouge freely translated means red stick. That is the limit of my understanding of the affair, however. It is a quaint old town, consisting chiefly of river. When I studied geography several decades ago, I knew that Louisiana had two capitals, one at New Orleans and the other at Baton Rouge. They have got tired of entertaining legislators at New Orleans of late years and have unloaded the whole job upon the smaller and more nearly defenseless city.

Looking back to those old days, I recall that Louisiana was one of the very few states which required two vents for their legislatures. Connecticut was one, with Hartford and New Haven as capitals, and Rhode Island, the smallest of states, was another, with Providence and Newport. Of late years there has been a sort of centralization of capitals. The fashion of having one at every enterprising city in a state has fallen into disuse. You might tramp all over any of the states nowadays and not run the risk of blundering into a legislature in full blast where it might have been least expected. I asked the Pocatello man what he thought was the reason for the wealth of capitals in earlier times.

"In those days," he said, "the states were young and tender and had not fully developed their muscle and their power of resisting great assaults. It was therefore to distribute the evil of a legislature sitting over a great deal of country so as not to give any particular city the worst of it. As time went on and a town showed especial hardihood and ability to stand great calamity the legislature was switched upon it as a perpetual and permanent institution. New Orleans and Newport and other towns which in other days were capitals had the good luck to draw two aces and to win out, sending the legislature in the one instance to Baton Rouge and in the other to Providence. It takes a game town to stand a persistent plague of legislature."—Chicago Record.

COLOR IN FLAGS.

Red Predominates Largely In the Standards of the Chief Nations.

Though the policy of military authorities in using less glaring colors in uniforms has been very marked of late years red remains the most popular color for national standards. Of 25 countries 19 have flags with red in them, the list including the United States, England, France, Germany, Austria, Italy, Spain, Denmark, Belgium, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Mexico, Chile, Portugal, Venezuela and Cuba.

The countries which have blue as an element of their flags are the United States, Russia, France, England, Holland, Ecuador, Sweden, Chile, Venezuela, Portugal and Cuba. Three countries have black as one of the elements of their flags, Germany, Belgium and China, but Germany is the only one of three which has black and white together.

There are five countries (excluding from consideration Ireland, the familiar flag of which is not officially recognized among the national standards) which have green as a color; Brazil, the flag of which is green chiefly; Mexico, Egypt, Italy and Persia. There are nine countries in which the flag is partly of yellow. These countries are Austria, Spain, Belgium, Egypt, Sweden, China, Persia, Brazil and Venezuela. Countries with flags partly white are the United States, France, Germany, Russia, Austria and Italy, six of the seven chief powers.

There is no white in the national standard of England, but the British naval flag has a white background. Other countries having white in their flags are Switzerland, Turkey, Persia, Japan, Mexico, Holland, Denmark, Portugal, Cuba, Chile and Ecuador, the flag of which is nearer white than any other country, being made up of two parallel white columns, between which is a column of blue, upon which are white stars.—New York Sun.

Made Sure of It.

Some time ago I was at a small village in Somersetshire fitting up a steam dairy.

As is well known, water is a most essential thing in a dairy. So, being unable to obtain a sufficient supply from a well already sunk, it was suggested to open a disused well near and try the water there.

Instructions were given to the men to be careful on opening the well, as it might be unsafe to descend on account of foul air.

They were told to light a candle and let it down, and if it continued to burn they would then know that there was no danger in descending.

On the following day, on asking if it was safe to go down, one of the men replied: "Yes, that's safe enough. I took the candle down with me, and it burnt beautifully."—London Globe.

Discouraging.

Would Be Suitor—Good morning, Miss Brown. Quite an opportune meeting, indeed. I have been waiting for a chance to ask when it would be agreeable for me to call on you.

Miss Brown—Oh, you are at liberty to make your own selection.

Would Be Suitor—Thanks. By the way, I see that you have been getting a new horse and carriage.

Miss Brown—Yes. Come around soon and pa'll take great pleasure in driving you out.—Richmond Dispatch.

There are about 1,500 American students in Paris, most of them in art, and about 900 in Berlin, most of them in music, philosophy and the sciences. In France the degrees and diplomas are granted by the national government and not by the universities.

The Roman penny was valued at about 15 cents.

THE MOHAMMEDANS.

The Queer Manner In Which They Mix Up Religion and Murder.

The month of Ramadan, in which the first part of the Koran is said to have been revealed, is observed as a fast by all Mohammedans. The fast extends over the whole "month of raging heat" and involves extraordinary self denial and self control. No food or drink of any kind may be taken from daybreak until the appearance of the stars at nightfall.

The rigor with which a Mohammedan observes this fast and the great gulf between its observance and obedience to the moral code are both illustrated by a story told in the life of one of the heroes of India, Major John Nicholson.

While Nicholson in 1854 was deputy commissioner in Bannu, a native killed his brother and was arrested. He was brought before Nicholson on a very hot evening, looking parched and exhausted, for he had walked many miles, and it was the month of Ramadan.

"Why," exclaimed Nicholson, "is it possible that you have walked in fasting on a day like this?"

"Thank God," answered the Bannuchi, "I am a good faster."

"Why did you kill your brother?"

"I saw a fowl killed last night, and the sight of the blood put the devil into me."

"He had chopped up his brother, stood a long chase and been marched in here, but he was keeping the fast," wrote the commissioner to a friend, that he might know what sort of bloodthirsty and bigoted people he, Nicholson, had to govern.

One day a wretched little child was brought before the commissioner. He had been ordered by his relatives of the Waziri tribe to poison food.

"Don't you know it is wrong to kill people?" asked Nicholson.

"I know it is wrong to kill with a knife or a sword," answered the child.

"Why?"

"Because the blood leaves marks," answered the trained poisoner.

A Pathan chief, who fell by Nicholson's side in a skirmish, left a little son, upon whom the English officer lavished care and attention. One day the 7-year-old boy asked his protector to grant him a special favor.

"Tell me first what you want."

"Only your permission, sahib, to go and kill my cousins, the children of your and my deadly enemy, my uncle, Faltri Khan."

"To kill your cousins?" exclaimed the Englishman, horrified at the answer.

"Yes, sahib, to kill all the boys while they are young. It is quite easy now."

"You little monster! Would you murder your own cousins?"

"Yes, sahib, for if I don't they will certainly murder me."

The little boy wished to follow Pathan usage and thought it very hard that his guardian should prevent his taking so simple a precaution.

DID THE GIRLS PAINT?

How the Question Was Decided and a Bet Paid.

Two well known society swells went to the Imperial theater one afternoon when "East Lynne" was the bill. A few evenings before there had been discussed at their club the subject of women painting their faces. Several girls were mentioned who were suspected by their admirers of wearing an artificial carnation bloom. Others defended the young damsels and said it was natural.

How to find out and win a wager that was laid then and there was the subject of the young men's visit to the Imperial.

"East Lynne" is a play which ought to make all women cry, they reasoned, for it makes even men's throats grow thick. They sent tickets for reserved seats to the girls under discussion, begging them to invite whomsoever they pleased of their acquaintances, as they, the donors, would not be able to escort them.

The ruse was successful. In an upper box sat the young men ready to win or lose the wager, and right below, in the parquet, where they could see their faces and every move of their hands, were the young women. There were six of them, two of whom shed copious tears and hesitated not to wipe them away with their handkerchiefs, while the other four never winced. Among those who did not cry were the girls suspected of laying on the red pigment, and it was on just that evidence that the bet hinged. That night the wager was paid with a supper at the University club.—St. Louis Republic.

She Will Teach Bonnet Making.

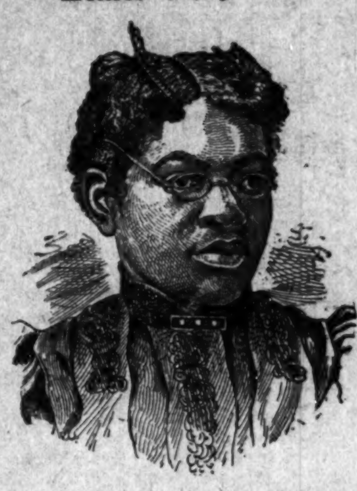
Mlle. Valentine About, daughter of Edmond About, the author, is going to open a "class in hat and bonnet making." Everybody in Paris is surprised at the necessity for it, as during his lifetime About kept open house in his hotel on the Rue de Donai, and a fete that he gave to the Authors' society in the chateau he had just bought at Pontoise is remembered as almost princely. By what reverse of fortune About's family were left destitute nobody seems to know. Although he himself began life humbly as the son of a grocer, his daughter was a brilliant young society woman brought up in luxury, and everybody is admiring the courage with which she has undertaken to solve the difficult problem of the "struggle for life."—Boston Woman's Journal.

Her Lucky Day.

A North Carolina paper says:

"A negro struck his wife two terrible blows on the head with an ax. The negro escaped to the woods, and his wife soon revived and said: 'I mighty glad he done it, kase now he'll stay cl'ar er de neighborhood en I won't have ter suppo't him no mo'. It wuz a lucky day fer me w'en he hit me wid dat ax!'"

Very few of us are as thankful as that for these little blessings in disguise.—Atlanta Constitution.



Dr. Sadie F. Porter,

The Great Magnetic Healer . . .

OFFERS $50 00 REWARD

for any disease mentioned below and many others that my remedies and treatment will not cure. I cure all chronic diseases, no matter how long standing. Drs. Sadie F. Porter's Magic Nerve Tonic is purely a vegetable preparation, a guaranteed blood remedy. It purifies the blood and builds up the system. It cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Catarrh, Billious Headache, Indigestion, Piles, Diseases of the Heart, Paralysis, Palpitation, Asthma, Gleet, Gonorrhoea. My remedy acts like magic in the cure of LaGrippe, also Female Weakness in its worst form. The Great Magic Liniment cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and other pains and stiff joints. My magic Hair Tonic has no equal in growing the hair quickly. It restores the color, preserves the root, cleanses the scalp. My Magic Hair Oil is an excellent toilet article for ladies and gentlemen. My Hair Tonic straightens the hair without the use of irons.

Prices: Blood Tonic, $1; Liniment, 50 cents; Hair Grower, 50; Mustache Grower, 25; Hair Oil, 25; Wash for Skin, 25; Mexican Indian, 10c a cake.

Agents Wanted. Address with stamp for particulars.

DR. SADIE F. PORTER,
813 Cedar St. Nashville, Tenn

LOOK! A SACRIFICE
: : : THE : :
Hair Straigtener

"IT TAKES OUT THE CURL."

$1.00, $1.00, $1.00, $1.00.

This instrument surpasses everything of its intent or purpose now before the public. Your hair will remain straight for months after using this most valuable need for the beautifying of your appearance.

Try our Electrodine Pomade a wonderful hair producing and scalp cleansing preparation. Thousands use it, and from the testimonials we receive would not be without it. It is scientifically compounded with the best ingredients and is highly perfumed with a very delicate and lasting odor. Price 50c per bottle; 3 bottles $1.25. Send sample of your hair and get it matched with a Genuine Creole Hair Braid. Prices: $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. No goods sent C. O. D Agents wanted.

. . . . ADDRESS THE . . .

Hair Straightener Co.,
603 North California Street,
INDIANAPOLIS : : : : INDIANA

WANTS:

WANTED—We guarantee agents $100.00 per month. Write for particulars. Enclose stamp. Frank L. Thomas, 3324 Franklin Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Ladies if you will write to me I will send (sealed) free, particulars about removing hair from the face, neck and arms. Harmless as water. Never returns. Leaves the face soft and beautiful. Address Mrs. L. A. Wilson, Box 677, Kalamazoo, Mich.

WANTED—Agents to sell the only authorized edition of "The Beautiful Life of Francis E. Willard." Liberal terms to all agents. A bonanza to active and thorough solicitors. Send 50c for the outfit at once, to the North American Publishing Co., 214-220 Clark street, Chicago Ill.

LAND AND A LIVING

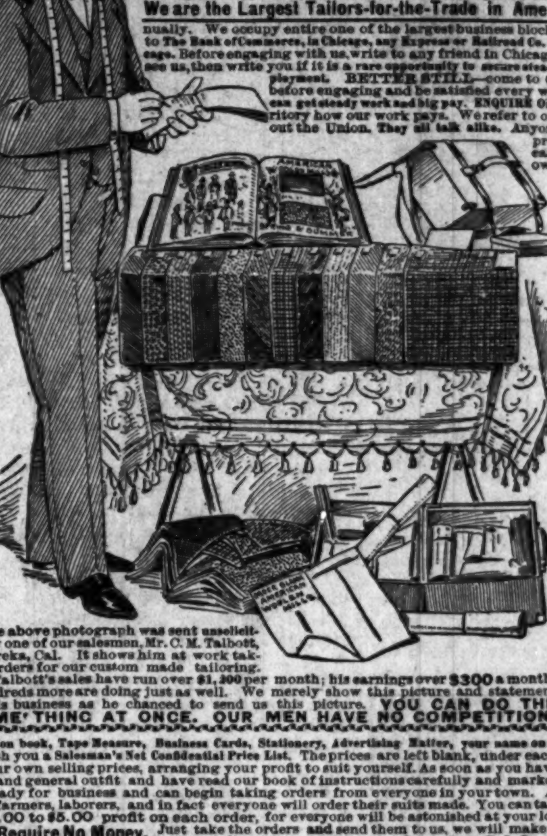
Home-Seekers' excursion tickets via the Queen & Crescent Route to all points south of Somerset, Ky., in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, North and South Carolina; all points on Q. & C. Route in Louisiana and to certain points in Georgia and Florida at about one fare the round trip from Cincinnati, on the first and third Tuesdays each month.

Stopovers allowed on going trip, in homeseekers' territory.

One-way settlers' tickets to southern points on same dates at half the usual rates.

Land $3.00 to $5.00 an acre. Good schools and churches. Write for maps and books to W. C. Rinearson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt., Cincinnati, O

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE



CLOTHING. SALESMEN WANTED.

$150.00 PER MONTH and expenses made by all our active men. WE PAY MANY FAR MORE WE WANT MEN in every county in the United States. If your reference is satisfactory we will start you AT ONCE. No experience necessary. No capital required. We furnish a full line of samples, stationery, etc. A tailors-for-the-trade complete outfit for business. No commission plan, you can regulate your profits to suit yourself. No house-to-house canvass. This is not one of the many catchy advertisements for agents, but one of the very few advertisements offering a rare opportunity to secure strictly high grade employment at BIG WAGES. We are the Largest Tailors-for-the-Trade in America. We make to measure over 300,000 suits annually. We occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago. We refer you to The Bank of Commerce, in Chicago, any Express or Railroad Co. in Chicago, any resident of Chicago. Before engaging with us, write to any friend in Chicago and ask them to come and see us, then write you if it is a rare opportunity to secure steady, high class, big paying employment. BETTER STILL—come to Chicago yourself and see us before engaging and be satisfied every word we say is true and you can get steady work and big pay. ENQUIRE OF OUR SALESMEN in your territory how our work pays. We refer to our many salesmen throughout the Union. They all talk alike. Anyone of them will tell you how profitable, how pleasant, how easy the work is. Work in your own county 300 days in the year and you can't make less than $5.00 every day above all expenses.

We want to engage you to take orders for our made-to-order and measure custom tailoring (Men's Suits, Pants and Overcoats). We put you in the way to take orders from almost every man in your county, a business better than a store with $20,000 stock. With us you have no competition.

We are the Largest makers in America of fine Custom-made Clothing. We buy our cloth direct from the largest European and American mills. We control the product of several woolen mills. We operate the most extensive and economic Custom Tailoring plants in existence, thus reducing the price of made-to-order suits to $5.00 and upwards; pants from $1.50 to $5, prices so low that nearly everyone in your county will be glad to have their clothing made to order and measure.

The above photograph was sent unsolicited by one of our salesmen, Mr. C. M. Talbott, of Yreka, Cal. It shows him at work taking orders for our custom made tailoring. Mr. Talbott's sales have run over $1,200 per month; his earnings over $300 a month. Hundreds more are doing just as well. We merely show this picture and statement of his business as he chanced to send us this picture. YOU CAN DO THE SAME THING AT ONCE. OUR MEN HAVE NO COMPETITION.

We furnish you a large, handsome and expensive cloth bound book containing large cloth samples of our entire line of Suitings, Pants, etc., a book which costs us several dollars to get up, also Fashion Plate, Instruction book, Tape Measure, Business Cards, Stationery, Advertising Matter, your name on Rubber stamp, etc. We also furnish you a Salesman's Net Confidential Price List. The prices are left blank, under each description so you can fill in your own selling prices, arranging your profit to suit yourself. As soon as you have received your big sample book and general outfit and have read our book of instructions carefully and marked in your selling price, you are ready for business and can begin taking orders from everyone in your town. At your low prices, business men, farmers, laborers, and in fact everyone will order their suits made. You can take several orders every day at $2.00 to $5.00 profit on each order, for everyone will be astonished at your low prices.

You Require No Money. Just take the orders and send them to us, we will make the garments within 5 days and send direct to your customers by express C. O. D., subject to examination and approval, at your selling price, and collect your full selling price, and every week we will send you a check for all your profit, being the difference between our net confidential price to you and the price you sold at. You need collect no money, deliver no goods, simply go on taking orders, adding a liberal profit, and we deliver the goods, collect all the money and every week promptly send you, in one round check, your full profit for the week. Nearly all our good men get a check from us of at least $40.00 every week in the year.

THE OUTFIT IS FREE. We make no charge for the big book and complete outfit, but as each outfit costs us several dollars to get up, to protect ourselves against many who would impose on us by sending for the outfit with no intention of working, but merely out of idle curiosity, AS A GUARANTEE of good faith on the part of every applicant, we require you to fill out the blank lines below, giving the names of two parties as reference and further paying ONE DOLLAR and express charges for the outfit. The $1.00 you pay for outfit does not begin to pay the cost to us but insures us you mean business. We will refund your $1.00 as soon as your orders have amounted to $25.00, which amount you can take the first day you work.

Fill out the following lines carefully, sign your name, cut out and send to us, and the outfit will be sent to you at once.

American Woolen Mills Co., Care of The Freeman, Indianapolis, Ind.

GENTLEMEN: Enclosed please find $1.00 for which send me by express your Big Cloth Sample Book and Complete Salesmen's Outfit. It is understood and agreed that the One Dollar is to be refunded to me as soon as my sales have amounted to $25.00. If the outfit is not as represented and fully satisfactory, you are to refund the One Dollar when outfit is returned to you.

....
Sign your name on above line.

....
Name of Postoffice, County and State on above line.

Your age................Nationality..............

Married or Single..............................

....

....
On the above two lines give as reference the names of two men over 21 years of age who know you one year or longer.

For any further particulars address your letter plainly to

American Woolen Mills Co., Care of The Freeman, Indianapolis, Ind.

(To our readers: This firm is thoroughly reliable, this offer is bonafide, honorable and liberal and a grand opportunity for industrious men to get steady and profitable employment.—Editor.)

Something new for Piano plyers

"MY LANCASTER BELLE,"

(MARCH AND TWO-STEP)

BY FRANK M. HAILSTOCK, JR.,

Musical Director of Al. G. Field's Colored Minstrels,

The catchy verse by R. BYRON SHELTON.

If you want a composition that is bright new, catchy and easy to play send 25c to

THE FREEMAN,
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

The Great Madagascan Improved Hair Grower ❀ ❀ ❀

leaves no bad effect behind after use. No danger of an injured scalp. Instead of weakening, it strengthens and nourishes the roots of the hair, thus insuring a rapid growth of a suit of hair—soft, pliable, glossy and beautiful.

The Great Madagascan Improved Hair Grower

is marvelous. One trial is sufficient. Nothing beginning to approach it in real efficacy in all the merits claimed of it. No lady or gentleman having use for such a remedy should be without it.

Buy the Best. Have the Best. Use the Best.

One bottle, $1.00; Three bottles, $2.50; Six bottles, $5.00. No goods sent C. O. D. Agents Wanted. Send for terms at once. Address:

THE HAIR CULTURIST CO.,
West Vermont St.
INDIANAPOLIS, - - - - - - INDIANA.

TO Chicago,
The West
And the Northwest

MONON ROUTE
LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.

Time Table in Effect Sept. 13.

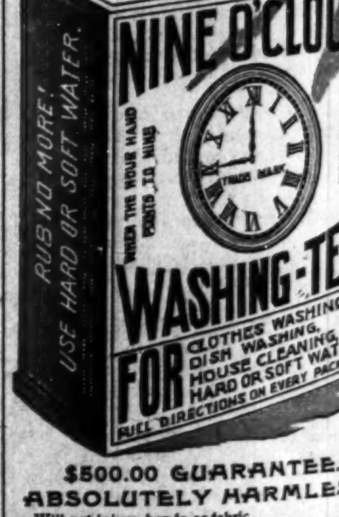
3 DAILY TRAINS
LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS
7:00 A. M. 3:35 P. M. 12:55 Night
ARRIVE CHICAGO
12:00 Noon, 8:20 p. m. 7:20 a. m.

Lv. Chicago 2:45 a. m. 11:50 a. m. 8:58 p. m.
Arr. Indianapolis 7:45 a. m. 4:37 p. m. 3:20 a. m.
Indianapolis Sleeper Returns on 2:45 a. m. train

Shortest and Fastest Line.
Latest Equipment. Always p-to-Date.

Ticket Offices: 2 West Washington Street, Union Station and Massachusetts Ave, Depot

GEO. W. HAYLER,
District Passenger Agent.


NOT A SOAP
NOT A SOAP POWDER
PRICE 5 CENTS
NINE O'CLOCK
RUB NO MORE!
USE HARD OR SOFT WATER.
WHEN THE HOUR HAND POINTS TO NINE
HAVE YOUR WASHING ON THE LINE.
TRADE MARK
WASHING-TEA
FOR CLOTHES WASHING, DISH WASHING, HOUSE CLEANING, HARD OR SOFT WATER.
FULL DIRECTIONS ON EVERY PACKAGE

$500.00 GUARANTEE.
ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS.

Will not injure hands or fabric.
No Washboard needed. Can use hard water same as soft. Full Directions on every package. An 8-oz. package for 5 cts. or 6 for 25 cts.
Sold by retail grocers everywhere.

"When the Hour Hand Points to Nine, Have Your Washing on the Line."

THE CANARY ISLES.

IT WOULD BE AN EASY MATTER TO GOBBLE THEM UP.

In Spite of Recently Mounted Modern Guns the Fortunate Islands Would Have to Surrender to One of Our Big Cruisers. The Chief Ports.

The Canary islands, being Spanish possessions, naturally interest us just now. We may own them some fine day in the not distant future.

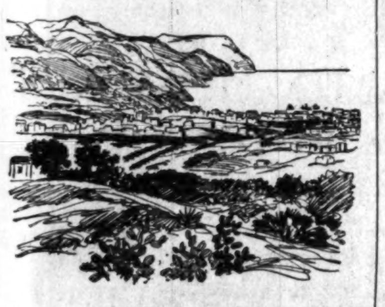
This little group, lying around loose in the Atlantic less than 100 miles west of Africa, comprises the oldest of Spain's colonial possessions. The islands are absolutely antique as far as history goes. Away back in the time of Herodotus they were referred to as "the Fortunate isles," and the old Venetian geographers designated them as the beginning of the traditional continent of Atlantis.

They are beautiful, summery islands, far to fine to be monopolized longer by such a third rate, back number nation as Spain. In American hands the Canaries would be made a popular winter resort, an important coaling station and a junketing place for congressional committees.

The Canary group comprises the islands of Tenerife, Grand, Canary, Palma, Lanzarote, Fuerteventura, Gomera and Ferro, with an area of 2,800 square miles, a little less than that of the state of Connecticut, having a population of 291,000.

Politically considered, the islands, for administration purposes, form a province of Spain, have a representative in the cortes and therefore share in the government. Their affairs are, however, administered by a captain general appointed by the crown.

There are two reasons why the Canaries have always been quiet. The first is the native population has nothing whatever to say in local affairs and is kept by the dominant element in ignorance so dense as to consider the existing state of affairs a natural order which it is vain to attempt to change. The Guanches, or Canary natives, are also outnumbered by the Spanish element in such a degree that rebellion would be hopeless, and as no arms or munitions of any kind are permitted to the islanders their status is hardly better than that of horses or cattle. The other reason is there is little to enrich a Spanish official, and consequently Spanish officials do not desire positions on the islands and regard an appointment in the Canaries rather in the nature of an exile from Spain than as a source of profit.



SANTA CRUZ, METROPOLIS OF THE CANARY ISLANDS.

The Guanches, or native Canary islanders, are a mongrel race, darker in color than even the population in southern Spain, where Moorish blood predominates. They are the descendants of Phœnicians, Carthaginians, Moors and negroes, all of whom at one time owned or occupied the islands. They are a simple rural folk, devoted entirely to such agriculture as the soil and climate of the islands admit, and as industrious as might be supposed under a tropical sun.

When the islands were first discovered by Europeans, the Guanches were warlike, and more than once repelled Spanish and Portuguese expeditions sent to accomplish their subjugation. The power of firearms, however, finally overcame the arrows and spears of the islanders, and one by one the different islands of the group were subjected to the control of the whites. For a long time they were a source of contention between Spain and Portugal, being claimed first by one, then by the other, and not until the present century was the Spanish authority definitely maintained.

It would be an easy matter to overthrow this authority in spite of its long tenure. One of our armored cruisers could do the business in a day. Santa Cruz, the principal port of the islands, had until recently the most ancient kind of defenses. Recently, however, the Spanish have strengthened the garrison there and at other ports and have mounted a few modern guns, but nothing effective enough to stand against Yankee gunnery has been established.

The greater part of the business of the Canaries is transacted at Santa Cruz, and under civilized rule the islands would become available for their agricultural resources, but in the Canaries, as elsewhere, Spanish misgovernment has done everything possible to compass the degradation of the people. It is the Spanish policy which retains in use the palanquin of the east, and the carro, or ox sledge, and the donkey.

Santa Cruz is located on the island of Tenerife, whose famous peak is known to navigators as one of the most imposing landmarks in the world. The mountain rises 12,182 feet above the sea, the peak having the form of a sugar loaf. Considering the fact that the island is itself a mountain, springing almost perpendicularly from the ocean, the bottom of which is six miles below, Tenerife is the loftiest peak in the world.

Another important Canary town is Las Palmas, the seaport of Grand Canary. It fronts east and lies at the base of a high sea wall, whose straight sides betray their deep foundation. The terraced roofs suggest to the observer that the houses had originally been constructed with an upper story, which had been blown off by a hurricane.

HOWARD SPENCE SINCLAIR.

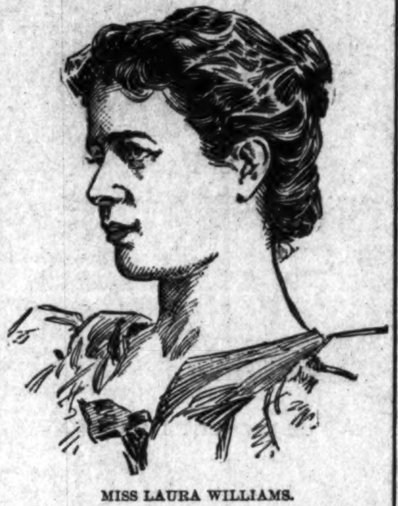
GEN. MERRITT'S FIANCEE.

Beautiful Young Chicago Heiress Who Is to Be a Soldier's Bride.

Miss Laura Williams, who is to become the wife of General Wesley Merritt when he returns from the Philippines, is an attractive young Chicago heiress. Her father is one of the wealthiest men in that city, and she is worth a million or so in her own right. Although General Merritt is 62 and Miss Williams but 20 it is said to be a genuine love affair of several years' standing.

Miss Williams is a tall and pretty blond, very fond of outdoor exercise and is popular in society. She has received much attention here and abroad, especially in London, where she was the guest of Robert T. Lincoln when he was the representative of this country at the court of St. James. She was presented at the queen's drawing room with Miss Lincoln.

She is the granddaughter of the late Judge Caton, one of the pioneer jurists of Illinois, and is an heir to a large fortune he left. General Merritt's first wife died in St. Paul in 1893, while he was stationed there. He is very popular in the west, having commanded the department of Missouri, as successor of General Miles.



MISS LAURA WILLIAMS.

The Williams home is an elegant mansion at 1836 Calumet avenue, surrounded by dense shrubbery. It overlooks the lake, and General Merritt is known to have been a frequent visitor there during his residence in Chicago while commander of the department of the Missouri.

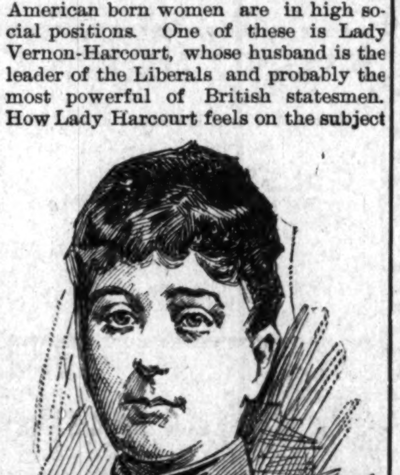
Norman Williams has for a number of years been one of the well known figures in Chicago's legal and financial circles. He is a member of the law firm of Williams, Holt & Wheeler. Before and during the World's fair he took a deep interest in the exposition and held a number of positions in which his energy found full play. He was chairman of a number of important committees, and his efforts added in no small measure to the success of the fair.

STILL AN AMERICAN.

Loyal Sentiments of the Wife of the Greatest English Statesman.

One of the most significant features of the change in sentiment between the two great English speaking nations is the attitude which the British aristocracy has recently manifested toward the United States. It was not so surprising that the common people of England should side with us in our quarrel with Spain. The surprise came when members of the British nobility expressed their enthusiasm for our cause.

It may be that the international marriages of the past years have brought about this welcome state of affairs. Perhaps the American wives of British peers have acted as a leaven on the whole British lump. Some of these American born women are in high social positions. One of these is Lady Vernon-Harcourt, whose husband is the leader of the Liberals and probably the most powerful of British statesmen. How Lady Harcourt feels on the subject of the Spanish-American war is shown by the following letter recently received in America from her:



LADY HARCOURT.

> From my birth I was taught to love my own country and to believe in its great future. My happy English home of over 20 years has not dulled that feeling, which is deeply shared by those with whom my lot is cast. How is it possible, then, that I should not wish from the depths of my heart for the closest relations of friendship and cordial good understanding between the two countries, which ought to be one in their efforts to promote the progress, freedom and peace of the world? Very truly yours,
>
> E. C. VERNON-HARCOURT.

Lady Harcourt's was one of the first of those international marriages which have opened the court of St. James to American women. She is the daughter of the late John Lothrop Motley, at one time minister to England, but more famous as the historian of the Netherlands. Lady Harcourt is a woman of brilliant mental attainments and has the reputation of being the most charming hostess in England. She has never forgotten her American birth and it is around her table that many Americans get their first glimpse of English society.

THE TYRANT OF THE HOUSE.

While baby sleeps
We cannot jump or dance or sing,
Play jolly games or do a thing
To make a noise. The floor might creak
If we should walk. We scarcely speak
Or breathe while baby takes a nap
Lest we should wake the little chap.
A strict watch nurse always keeps
While baby sleeps!

When baby wakes,
But little gratitude he shows
When other people want to doze.
At night, when folks have gone to bed,
He rouses them all up instead
To wait on him. Ma lights the lamp
And warms milk for the little scamp.
Pa walks him up and down the floor,
Sometimes two hours and sometimes more,
And nurse comes running, in a stew,
To see what she for him can do,
And Will and Harry, at the row,
Call, "What's the matter with him now?"
And I'm waked up at all the clatter
To wonder what on earth's the matter.
Such uproar in the house he makes
When baby wakes!

So, if asleep or if awake,
The house exists but for his sake,
And such a tiny fellow he
To be boss of this family!

—Eva Lovett in Independent.

FRENCH HUMOR.

M. Francisque Sarcey and His Grotesque Effigy In the Carnival.

It is often said that Frenchmen lack humor and dread ridicule, but M. Francisque Sarcey has given an example of that humorous good sense which defies mockery. At carnival time in Paris it is customary to exhibit on the boulevards grotesque effigies of well known public men. A modest stranger called on M. Sarcey to tell him that his image was to figure in the procession.

"Very good," said M. Sarcey. "What can I do for you?"

"Well, if you would be so kind as to lend us some of your veritable garments, they would make the likeness all the stronger."

"No doubt," responded the critic blandly. "In that cupboard you will find several hats."

"Oh, the veritable hat will not do! You see, your head—I mean the head of the effigy—is enormous."

"Tres bien. Take a coat, then."

Dressed in the veritable coat, the Sarcey dummy was an immense success. It seemed so strange to literary Paris, however, for a man to aid and abet the caricature of himself that M. Sarcey has volunteered an explanation, which is a delicious bit of humor. "Lamartine," he remarks, "would not have consented to lend his coat for such a purpose. He was a poet with a sensitive soul. So was Victor Hugo. But what would you? We cannot all be Lamartines and Hugos. Why should we poor journalists, who have no feelings to speak of, deny ourselves to the populace when we can contribute to their harmless amusement? Besides, they may not always think it worth their while to notice us.

"An agreeable trifler came to me the other day and asked my permission for the use of my name in a burlesque. I gave it cheerfully. 'This may be the last time,' said he. 'What do you mean?' I asked. 'Well, you are going out of date, and next year you may not be worth a laugh!' "—Exchange.

Lying as a Disease.

"The liar is a much abused person," said a well known local physician to a reporter last week. "The liar is not always to blame, and if you have any friends who are addicted to false representation of things advise them to consult their doctors. There is hope for at least one class of liars. Medicine and medical methods are applicable to those who suddenly develop an abhorrence for the truth and lie on all occasions, even though the truth might better suit their purpose. This has come to be thought of only as a species of dementia that is ofttimes successfully treated.

"The malicious liar is a difficult problem, for he knows that he is telling a lie and there is no hope for him. But there are lots of people who just lie naturally, without knowing what they are saying or why they say it. The individual often has nothing whatever to accomplish by lying, but does so just as some people stutter. But, as I said before, he should not be blamed and frowned upon. His mind is unhealthy and his nervous system is out of order. Rest, tonic and good nursing often restore these people to their normal self, and then the love of rectitude returns, and they are effectually cured of a very embarrassing habit."—Washington Post.

France and Uncle Sam.

The French papers are busily collecting instances of what they consider American unfriendliness toward France, in order to bolster up their campaign of hostility against the United States. The Figaro recently published George Bancroft's letter of congratulation to Bismarck on the result of the Franco-Prussian war, and follows it up with several other incidents of a like nature, among which is General Grant's telegram of congratulation to the emperor of Germany in 1870, and the fact that Victor Hugo refused to receive him on account of it during his visit to Paris several years later.

The Jewels.

"These," exclaimed Cornelia, as has often been related, "are my jewels!"

Now, the father of the Gracchi was a plain, unassuming man, much inclined to simplicity—a man, in brief, who cut more wood than ice.

"Aren't they just a trifle loud, my dear?" he once ventured to protest when the jewels were as yet quite new. —Detroit Journal.

Paris and Marseilles are connected by telegraph lines entirely underground. They are placed in iron pipes and buried four feet beneath the surface, with manholes 3,000 feet apart. It cost nearly £1,500,000 to bury the wires.

At the present rate of increase the population of the earth will double itself in 260 years.

The Freeman Praised.

January, 1898.—Editor The Freeman: Enclosed find pay for this year's subscription to Freeman. So old and reliable acquaintance, so unswerving an advocate of the rights of the Afro-American cannot be easily dispensed with. Yours,

D. A. Straker, Detroit, Mich.

Editor The Freeman:—I am confident that The Freeman excels all other journals published by colored Americans. It is a great national paper and ought to be read by every colored man and woman everywhere. Faithfully yours, Moses Dickson, St. Louis, Mo.

SAY!

Are you a subscriber

of a

Negro paper? If

not, why not?

Get the best—

The Freeman $1.50

BUSINESS MEDIUM.

MRS. MARTH, the world renowned and highly celebrated business and test MEDIUM, reveals everything. No imposition. Can be consulted on all affairs of Life, Business, Love and Marriage a specialty. Every mystery revealed, also of absent, deceased and living friends. Removes all troubles and estrangements, challenges any Medium who can exceed her in her startling revelation of the past, present and future event in one's life. Remember, she will not, for any price, flatter you; you may rest assured you will gain facts without nonsense. She can be consulted on all affairs of Life, Love, Courtship, Marriage, Friends, etc., with description of future companion. She is very accurate in describing missing friends, enemies, etc. Her advice upon sickness, change in business, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce and speculation is valuable and reliable. She reads your destiny—good or bad; she withholds nothing.

MRS. MARTH tells your entire life—past, present and future—in a DEAD TRANCE, has the power of any two mediums you ever met. In tests she tells your mother's full name before marriage, the names of all your family, their ages and description, the name and business of your future husband, the name of your next, if you are to have one, the name of the young man who now calls on you, the name of your future husband, and the day, month and year of your marriage—how many children you have or will have—whether you are married or single; whether your present sweetheart will be true to you and if he will marry you; if you have no sweetheart, she will tell you when you will have, and his name, business and date of acquaintance. ALL YOUR FUTURE will be told in an honest, clear, plain manner and in a dead trance. Mothers should know the success of their husbands and children, young ladies should know everything about their sweethearts or intended husbands. Do not keep company, marry or go into business until you know all, do not let silly religious scruples prevent your consulting.

Madame is the only one in the world who can tell you the FULL NAME of your future husband, with age and date of marriage, tells you whether the one you love is true or false.

There are some persons who believe that there is no truth to be gained from consulting a Medium, but such beliefs are contrary to the truth. It is only from the lack of discrimination that such a conclusion can be reached. It is not everyone who placards himself or herself as a Medium that can stand a test of what he or she claims. And a person of any enquiring mind may ask the reason why. It is simply that these advisers do not take the trouble to study human nature. They do not spend their thoughts for a moment with acquiring the art of phrenology and kindred branches that will have a tendency to make the pathway to the road of the business clear and devoid of obstacles.

It is an undeniable fact that persons will come for advice—in full knowledge of what they want to know, and yet as soon as they confront a Medium they try their utmost endeavor to dispel from their minds what they know so as to hear if it will be rehearsed by the Medium. To get the secret out of a person by "pumping," in no few cases, is the art used by many unprincipaled Mediums, but to take hold of the hand and gain control of the mind thereby, is a matter of impossibility to most of them. And yet this can be done, and by consulting MRS. MARTH this seeming mystery becomes a realization.

This subject has received no little attention by eminent men and even college professors. So it proves conclusively that although there are infringers in our midst with "oily tongues," perhaps, the gates of wisdom have not been closed to the entire profession.

It takes a great deal of study to become an accomplished Medium, and by a continuous and untiring effort, the key to the well of apparently unfathomable mysteries have been procured by MRS. MARTH for the benefit of humanity. By letter, advice $1.00. Hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. All letters must contain stamps for answers.

MRS. M. B. MARTH,
202 West 31st St.,
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

Mention The Freeman.

TRY IT FREE

High Arm

Warranted Ten Years

for 30 days in your own home and save $10 to $25. No money in advance. $60 Kenwood Machine for $22.00
$50 Arlington Machine for $19.50
Singers (Made by us) $8, $11.50, $15 and 27 other styles. All attachments FREE. We pay freight. Buy from factory. Save agents large profits. Over 100,000 in use. Catalogue and testimonials FREE. Write at once. Address (in full),

CASH BUYERS' UNION
158-164 West Van Buren St., B-170, Chicago, Ills.

SANTAL-MIDY

In 48 hours Gonorrhoea and discharges from the urinary organs, arrested by Santal Midy Capsules without inconvenience. Price $1. of ALL Druggists, or P. O. Box 2081, New York.

MIDY

Mention The Freeman.

WEAK MEN!

Instant Relief. Cure in 15 days. Never returns. I will gladly send to any sufferer in a plain sealed envelope FREE a prescription with full directions for a quick, private cure for Lost Manhood, Night Losses, Nervous Debility, Small Weak Parts, Varicocele, etc. Address B. Wright Music Dealer, Box 1207, Marshall, Mich.

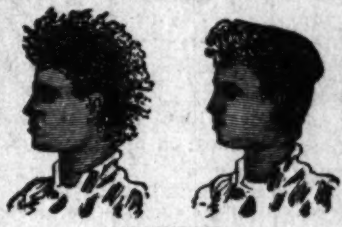
SEXUAL POWER.

Positively and Permanently Restored in 2 to 1 days; EFFECT IN 24 HOURS: almost immediate relief. No nauseating drugs, minerals, pills or poisions, but the DELICIOUS MEXICAN CONFECTION, composed of fruits, herbs and plants. The most POWERFUL TONIC KNOWN. Restores the Vigor, Snap and Health of youth. Sealed Book FREE giving full particulars. Address: SAN MATEO MED. Co., Box 481, St. Louis, Mo.

Mention The Freeman.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

Curly Hair Made Straight By



TAKEN FROM LIFE.
BEFORE AND AFTER TREATMENT.

OZONIZED OX MARROW

(COPYRIGHTED.)

This wonderful hair pomade is the only safe preparation in the world that makes kinky hair straight as shown above. It renders the hair soft, pliable and silky, and by nourishing the roots imparts new life and vigor. Elegantly perfumed. Ozonized Ox Marrow is manufactured only by The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co. (formerly Buck & Rayner). Their reputation is a guarantee that it is perfectly pure and harmless. Beware of imitations. Get the genuine as it never fails. A toilet necessity for ladies and gentlemen. Thousands who have used our original Ozonized Ox Marrow testify to its superior merits. Full directions with every bottle. Price only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all dealers in first-class toilet goods, or we will send you, express paid, 3 bottles for $1.40 or 6 for $2.50. Always inclose a post-office money order, as we do not send goods C. O. D. Write your address and name plainly. Address

OZONIZED OX MARROW CO.,
15 Washington St., Chicago.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.
CHICAGO
DETROIT
TOLEDO
QUINCY
HANNIBAL
ST. LOUIS
SPRINGFIELD
INDIANAPOLIS
HAMILTON
CINCINNATI
DAYTON

DIRECT LINE
INDIANAPOLIS to CINCINNATI

6 Trains every weekday. Parlor Chairs and Cafe Cars on Day Trains.

DAYTON LINE

5 Trains every weekday to Dayton.

FAST TIME BETWEEN
Indianapolis AND COLUMBUS PITTSBURG

Through Sleeping Cars to
WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, and PHILADELPHIA,
Via B. & O Railway.

MICHIGAN LINE.

2 trains every weekday to Toledo.
2 trains every weekday to Detroit.
Vestibuled Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

G. W. Hayler, D. P. A., Indianapolis, Ind.
D. G Edwards, Passenger Traffic Manager

THE VANDALIA LINE

THE SHORTEST LINE FOR

St. Louis and the West.

Leave Indianapolis,	Arrive at Terre Haute,	Arrive St. Louis,
No. 15, 7:20 a. m.	10:06 a. m.	
No. 5, 8:10 a. m.	10:15 a. m.	3:15 p. m.
No. 21, 12:40 noon,	2:35 p. m.	7:12 p. m.
No. 11, 7:00 p. m.	9:04 p. m.	1:45 a. m.
No. 7, 11:20 p. m.	1:30 a. m.	7:00 a.
No. 8, Ex. Sun. 4:00 p. m. for Terre Haute		

DAILY.

No. 15, daily 7:20 a. m. for Terre Haute.
No. 8, Ex. Sunday 4:00 p. m. for Terre Haute.

All trains carry first-class coaches. 12:40 Noon train has Parlor and Dining Cars for St. Louis. 11:20 p. m. train has local Sleeping Cars starting from Indianapolis for St. Louis and Evansville, open every night at 8:30. All trains enter the Union Passenger Station at Terre Haute and St. Louis.

Ticket offices, No. 48 West Washington street and Union Station.

W. W. Richardson,
District Passenger Agt.
Indianapolis, Ind.

E. A. Ford, G. P. A.

THE FREEMAN
ONE YEAR $1.50

Genuine Lager Beer

Beer made day before yesterday is unfit for the human stomach.

No "forcing process" can impart the ripeness and wholesome properties that time can give.

The Indianapolis Brewing Company's

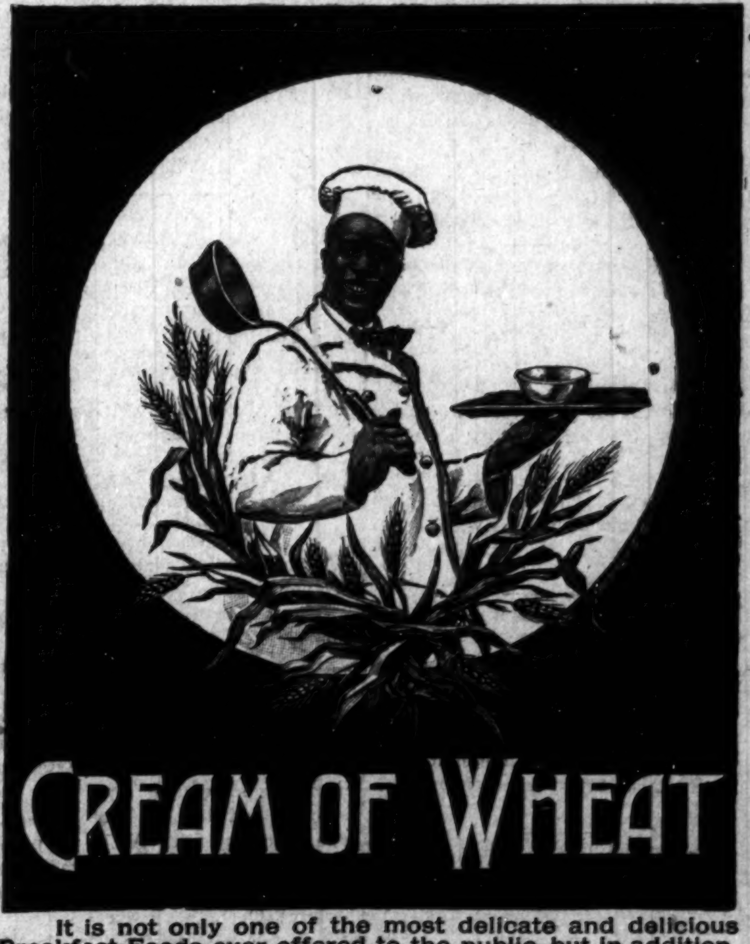
BEER

Is the genuine lager beer, as it has lain six months.

All first-class saloons sell the beer of the . . . .

Indianapolis Brewing Co.

TRADE MARK
PROGRESS BRAND



It is not only one of the most delicate and delicious Breakfast Foods ever offered to the public, but in addition, being composed almost entirely of pure gluten, is one of the most healthful and nutritious foods known.

—MANUFACTURED EXCLUSIVELY BY—

CREAM OF WHEAT CO., Minneapolis, Minn.,
Ask your grocer for it or send to us for sample.
For sale by—Frank E. Janes, 107-113 N. Deleware street.

GLOVES

BY MAIL

We retail some gloves for as little as wholesalers are obliged to charge. Comes from our advantage as importers.

Foster's at - - $1.00
The Florence real French Kid $1.00
Dent's and Reynier's French Kids - - - - $1.50

Name the color desired; or send sample shade, and you'll be served as well as if at our counters.

L. S. Ayres & Co.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Sole Agents for IMPROVED STANDARD PATTERNS.

IN AND ABOUT THE CITY.

The public schools closed yesterday.

Mrs. Clara Harvey, of Senate avenue north, is ill.

Ho! for Zion Park, Thursday, June 30.

Harry Waters (Rastus), June 22-23. Allen Chapel.

Prof. R. A. Roberts, of Shelbyville, Ind., is in the city.

Miss Nora Kincaid will appear in the great Musical Festival.

Drucilla Dickson, June 22-23. Fourth Annual Musical Festival.

Look out for The Freeman collector; he will be to see you next week.

Rev. J. W. Carr baptized four converts in the canal last Sunday morning.

Trolley riding and boating in a grand manner at Zion Park, Thursday, June 30.

What are you waiting for? Why, I am waiting to go to Zion Park Thursday, June 30.

What churches are going to Zion Park Thursday, June 30? Members of all churches are going.

The Utopian Club and their lady friends will have a wheeling party next Wednesday evening.

Patronize McCann, the reliable grocer, 250 and 252 Indiana ave. He will treat you right.

Mr. Walter Flemming, who was hurt recently in the elevator at the Majestic Building, is convalescing.

The Knights of Pythias lodges of this city will run an excursion to Lake Manitou Sunday, June 26.

Rev. Robert M. Devine, of Knoxville, Tenn., was the guest of his brother, Isaac Devine, this week.

The managers of the kindergarten gave a reception at the kindergarten, in Margaret street, last Tuesday evening.

Mr. B. McKinney Ward, of Toledo, O., is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ollie McCary, of Blake street.

The graduating exercises of the Indianapolis Training School were held last Monday evening at English's Opera House.

Invitations are out announcing the celebration of the nineteenth birthday of Miss Alice Phillips, 723 Indiana avenue, June 17.

Mrs. Lucretia Knox, who has been teaching in Shelbyville, Ky., has returned to this ctiy for permanent residence.

Three persons were baptized by Rev. D. A. Graham, of Bethel A. M. E. Church in the canal last Sunday morning.

The excursion to have been given by the Ninth Presbyterian Church at Bethany Park has been indefinitely postponed.

The Launfal Circle wishes it to be known that the use of Bethel Church is to be donated for the "Lord in Livery" June 14.

Bishop G. W. Clinton, D. D., of North Carolina, of A. M. E. Zion Church, occupied the pulpit at Blackford Street A. M. E. Zion Church last Sunday evening and delivered an able and instructive sermon. A reception was given to him on Monday evening by Dorcas Circle. All the ministers of the city were present. Bishop Clinton visited The Freeman sanctum last Tuesday.

Why are you saving ten cents a week? I want money enough to go on the Big Four excursion to Zion Park Thursday, June 30.

Misses Belle Patterson and Estella Willis and Mr. Samnel Elbert graduated from the Indianapolis High School last Wednesday evening.

Why, you haven't heard the Lyric Mandolin Club, directed by Mr. Alfred Taylor. Don't miss hearing their excellent music at "My Lord in Livery."

Every citizen who has charity at heart will not fail to patronize the noble efforts of the Launfal Circle at Bethel Church Tuesday evening, June 14.

A social was given at the home of Mrs. George Jackson, in West North street, Wednesday evening for the benefit of the Second Baptist Church.

Miss Nannie Anderson, of Brightwood; Misses Nellie Prentiss and Clara Cowans, of North Indianapolis, will sing June 22 and 23 at Allen's Chapel.

Mrs. Kate Finley, of 602 Blackford street, fifty-five years old, died last Sunday. She was an old and respected citizen and the community mourns her death.

Stephen Alexander, the famous basso will appear in the Fourth Annual Musical Festival, June 22 and 23, at Allen Chapel. Admission to all parts of the house, 25 cents.

Come and aid the poor by attending "My Lord in Livery." We may be glad sometime to accept such ourselves.

"My Lord in Livery" is given wholly for the poor old ladies. Come and help them.

Misses Katie and Mamie Page, of 1323 South Linden street, entertained last Sunday evening in honor of Miss Katherine Stevenson, a graduate of the Indianapolis Training School.

The Launfal Circle, in accordance with their usual benevolent efforts, will attempt to furnish a room at Alpha Home. The whole proceeds of the entertainment will be given for that purpose.

Mrs. Cassandria Davidson, of North California street, died last Friday after a prolonged illness of several months. Her remains were taken to Hamilton, O., for interment.

Alpha Home, an institution in which every citizen should be interested in, is expecting to realize a neat sum from the coming entertainment, "My Lord in Livery."

Miss Estella Douglass, of Cincinnati, O., a delightful contralto singer, will appear in the Fourth Annual Musical Festival, June 22-23, at Allen Chapel, on Broadway. Admission, 25 cents.

Captain Reid, practical hatter. Straw hats bleached and pressed, 15 cents. Special attention given to ladies' sailors. All branches of tailoring at reasonable prices. Pants pressed, 10 cents. 207 Indiana avenue.

Bishop Tanner at Bethel.

Bishop B. T. Tanner, D. D. LL.D., of Philadelphia, will occupy the pulpit at Bethel A. M. E. Church tomorrow morning and will preach a special sermon in commemoration of Children's Day. In the afternoon will be a jubilee service and at night the pastor will discourse on "Future Possibilities and Present Responsibilities.'

"My Lord in Livery."

"My Lord in Livery," an Alpha Home benefit by the Launfal Circle, June 14, 1898, at Bethel Church.

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

Lord Thurlmere........Mr. Geo. Cable
Speggatt (an old family butler)........ ....Dr. Ward
Hopkins (a footman). Mr. Ezra Roberts
Sybil Amberly (daughter of Amberly) ....Miss Cora Jackson
Rose and Laura, Sybil's friends.... ....Mrs. Ward, Miss Carter

Allen Chapel Notes.

A large number communed last Sunday morning.

Two accessions to the church last Sunday.

The sacred concert last Sunday evening was an excellent affair.

The solo by Miss Maggie Belle Cosby, accompanied by little Gertrude Smith; the solo by Hon. Ezra Roberts; the pantomime by Miss Essie Johnson, and duet by Prof. Sneed and wife were very fine. All of the participants acquitted themselves grandly.

Rev. Murray spent last week at Wilberforce, O.

The delegates to the Christian Endeavor returned last Friday, delighted with their trip.

Don't forget the rally. Hope everyone will try and do their best.

Mrs. Jennette Sanders returned last week from Vincennes after a two-weeks' stay.

Bishop Tanner, D. D., LL.D., will preach tomorrow evening. Everybody should avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing him.

Interesting Items.

Anderson, Ind., Special. — Mrs. Holmes, of Elwood, is visiting friends and relatives here this week * * Mrs. Hampton, of Lima, Ohio, is visiting her brother, James Thomas and wife this week. * * Next Sunday is rally day at the Second M. E. Church. * * Mrs. Mollie Turner, of this city, was called to her mother's bedside, who is very sick at Franklin. * * Mrs. Sallie Brown was called to Franklin to visit sick relatives. * * Messrs. Samuel Kiser and Otto Mandlin, of New Castle, visited friends here last week. * * Mrs. Lizzie Vance is on the sick list. * * On Thursday, June 16th, the cantata, "Snow White," will be given for the benefit of the Second M. E. Church. * * Last Sunday was Thanksgiving day for the Odd Fellows and Household of Ruth. A grand sermon was preached by Rev. Nichols, of Marion, at the Second M. E. Church, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Rev. Lewis acted as master of ceremonies for the occasion. Marion Lodge came in a body, accompanied by the uniform ranks. Muncie Lodge also attended in a body, and many friends of the order were here from Marion, Muncie, Wabash, Alexandria, Rushville and Noblesville. The parade, composed of the Marion, Muncie, Anderson Lodges and the Household of Ruth's from each place, the Uniform Ranks from Marion. Music was furnished by the Marion and Anderson colored bands. It was an ideal day and a grand success, both socially and financially. In all there were about 800 people out. * * Mr. John Summerville has returned from Rushville, where he has been visiting his parents. * * Wm. Keys has returned from a two weeks visit in Rushville. * * Sherman William is much improved. * * Misses Passmore and Stokes, of the Capital City, spent Sunday with friends and relatives here.

Notes.

Logansport, Ind., Special.—Rev. G. R. Collins, the pastor of the A. M. E. Church, has returned from a ten days' visit to his mother in Michigan. * * Harry Brooks is visiting in Frankfort. * * Ross Gilmore is the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. Hall in Crawfordsville. * * Mrs. Duke, of Mississippi, is visiting her brother, Prof. G. C. King, in Washington st. * * Wesley Gray, of Port Smith, Ohio, has accepted a position in the Palace Barber shop. * * Mrs. Kate Turner and Miss Mary Allen are doing a fine business in their new hair dressing parlor at the Palace Barber shop. * * Miss Lotta King, the only colored graduate in the class of '98, received many valuable presents. * * It is expected that a large crowd will attend the S. S. convention. The superintendent, C. S. Jones, is doing all in his power to make the event a pleasant one. * * Chas. Jones has purchased a horse and buggy. * * Miss Mabel Parker is recovering from a recent illness.

Interesting Dots.

Lake Providence, La., special.—Mrs. M. A. Gla and Master J. Adolph Brown are visiting friends in Vicksburg, Miss. * * Mrs. H. M. Dunn is visiting friends in Greenville, Miss. * * Miss Odelia Wright, after a short visit to her sister, Mrs. White, has returned to Greenville. * * Miss Enny Grimes has returned home from Straight University. * * Mrs. Carrie E. Mooring is on the sick list. * * "Maine Day" at the public school was a complete success. Several visitors, both white and colored, gathered at the school house to witness the exercises. Addresses appropriate to the occasion were made by Messrs, S. W. Green, S. M. Kennedy and Rev. Parker. * * The Parish Association of Baptist Preachers and Churches held an important meeting at the First Baptist Church on the 27th and 28th. * * The First Baptist Church was appropriately dedicated on the 29th. A large congregation was present and a handsome sum was realized in the collection for the church. Rev. S. H. Green, the pastor, may well feel proud of his church, because it is one of the nicest churches belonging to the District Association of North Louisiana.

THOUSANDS

testify that the only safe preparation in the world that straightens kinky hair is the genuine Ozonized Ox Marrow made only by the Ozonized Ox Marrow Co., 15 Washington street, Chicago. Price, 50c. Ask your druggist for it. Beware of imitations.

FREE TO LADIES.

In order to convince the lady readers of The Freeman of the marvelous cures effected by DR. COONLEY'S FAMOUS ORANGE LILY, they offer to send a box FREE to every woman troubled with any form of Female Weakness. This offer holds good for a short time only, therefore do not delay, but write for it at once. It is a wonderful medicine, easy to use, and seldom fails to bring new health and happiness to all who use it. Address Box F, Coonly Medical Institute, Detroit, Mich.

BARGAIN DAYS

Special Values in White Goods.

Dimities and Nainsooks, in checks, plaids and stripes for	5c
Lace Stripe white goods, 5 to 10 yard pieces for, a yard	7c
Fine Dimities, in checks and stripes, worth 12 ½c for	9c
Duck, in white, navy or linen, just the thing for skirts and suits, for, a yard	10c
India Linen and Victoria Lawn, good values, from 5c to 25c	
CRASH SKIRTS AND SHIRT WAISTS	
Linen Skirt, 4 yards wide, worth $1.25, for	89c
Crash Skirt, fancy stripe, in navy, green and brown, worth $1.98, for	$1 39
Linen Skirts, with lace insertion, worth $2 50, for	$1.98
Percale Waists, blouse front, detachable collar, regular price 59c now	29c
French Gingham and Percale Waists, worth 69c, for	49c
Madras Gingham and Percale Waists nice assortment of colors, full blouse front, pointed yokes; worth $1, for	69c
Percale, Batiste and French Gingham Waists, newest styles; regular price $1.49, choice for	98c

MAGUIRE'S
Granger Store,
336 & 338 W. Washington Street.

Infants' Childrens and Misses Shoes,

Reliable, Good style Footwear Popular Prices.

Infants' Moccasins, sizes 0 to 3	15c
Infants' Button Shoes, sizes 1 to 3	15c
Infants' Soft Soles, sizes 0 to 4	19c
Infants' Soft Soles, sizes 0 to 4	29c
Infants' Turned Button and Lace sizes 3 to 6	39c
Infants' Chocolate Button, sizes 2 to 5	49c
Children's Chocolate Shoes, sizes, 5 to 8	59c
Children's Dongola Lace, sizes 8 1-2 to 11	79c
Children's Chocolate Lace, sizes 8 1-2 to 11	89c
Children's Chocolate Lace, 8 1-2 to 11	99c
Misses' Dongola Button, sizes 12 to 2	69c
Misses' Dongola Lace, sizes 12 to 2	89c
Misses' Chocolate Lace sizes 12 to 2	99c
Misses' Chocolate Lace sizes 12 to 2	$1.19

REMEMBER, money cheerfully refunded if goods do not please.

CHICAGO SHOE COMPANY
130 E. Washington St.

READER

I have work for you. Send twenty-five cents in silver for sample and terms. $10 per week sure. Address L. Z. Zimmerman, DeSoto, Mo.

A Great Battle

going on between us and our competitors. We are not fighting them with poor goods, but have a selected stock—bought before the advance in prices, so we undersell all others.

You shall not pay war prices while our stock lasts. So come along we give Trading Stamps and the best goods for the money in the city.

Thanking you for your trade in the past and inviting you to come as often as you can in the future. I am yours truly,

R. A McCANN.

Dealer in the best Fresh Meats and Fine Groceries.

250 & 252 Indiana Avenue.

Phone 1737. Near N. Y. St.

Say! George

Where did you buy that box of Candy that you gave Miss Johnson?

George—Why I bought it of THE FAVORITE who make a specialty of putting up fine Box Candies.

We Treat

Everybody right, that buys ICE CREAM SODA, CONFECTIONS AND CUT FLOWERS of us.

Try our Crushed Strawberries and Apricots.

All purchasers will be given a coupon, containing a number on our TEA SET, which will be given away soon. Call and see us.

Music Every Sunday Evening.

☛ Give us your patronage.

"THE FAVORITE"
REED & ROBINSON Props
534 Indiana Avenue
(ODD FELLOWS' BLOCK)

Don't Throw Away Your Money On a Worthless Bicycle

Only the best material used and skilled workmen employed in building:

Tribune, Dayton and Crawford
BICYCLES

And they cost the buyer no more than the unknown that is being offered as a bicycle.

H. T. CONDE IMPLEMENT CO.,
27 to 33 Capitol Avenue, North.

Our New Store,

JUST A WORD WITH YOU.

We have a big line of Plaid Hose for Ladies and Gentlemen, price 15c and 25c a pair.

We are receiving new novelties in Spring Goods every day.

Buy your next Collar from us and you will call and get another.

We are showing a beautiful line of Shirts of every description.

You can enter our store at

206 Indiana vnue, or 108 Ohio Stret.

H. L. SANDERS,
(ESTABLISHED 1889.)

A Handsomely Built Suit
$20.00
AND UPWARD.

☛ More choicely selected goods—special patterns—than any four houses in Indiana.

Kahn Tailoring Co.,
22 and 24 East Washington Street.

Flanner & Buchanan,
THE LEADING
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
320 N. Illinois St., bet. New York and Vermont St
BEST SERVICE . . . . FAIR PRICES

NO, NO BUNNY!

Don't take a bun, but insist upon having a full grown loaf

OUR 'DOMESTIC"

Is the Biggest and Best.

PARROTT & TAGGART BAKERY.

John Grosch. Wm. Spreng

Cycle Stable and Repair Depot
AT
Hospital for Disabled Cycles,
No. 19 W. Pearl Street.
Rear Commercial Club.

Where your Bicycle is cleaned and oiled. ready for you when you want it, for the nominal sum of Twenty-five cents per week. Give us a call. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Grosch & Spreng
Successors to H. N. ROETTER.

We are Headquarters

for Waiters', Barbers' and Bartenders Jackets and aprons.

See our 75c Jackets made in Black, white, Novelty stripes and Checks.

Write us for samples—Mail orders given prompt attention.

We also carry a full line of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings.

THE PALACE,
122 N Illiois Street

You will surely admit that

PATEE CREST
BICYCLE

are good value for $35.00 So come and see them you are welcome any time.

GUS HABICH,
108 W. Market St.
Cyclorama Place.

Herculean Club
.. Cafe ..

The Only First-class Ladies and Gent's Restaurant in the city away from the public street.—the same as your own home.

TRY OUR SUNDAY DINNER.

THOS. PRATT, Prop.